

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School

Half Yearly Online Exam- (2021) English Version

Class: Seven

Subject: BGS

Time: 2: 30 hours.

Full Mark: 70

Name: _____ ID. No. _____ Your Score: _____

Read the passage. Then answer the questions given below: (Write any 7)

70 Marks.

1. Tamizuddin along with his three sons grows various crops like rice, wheat, mustard and maize in his field. His wife and daughters in law help him in harvesting the crops. He works in his grocery shop at his leisure. But he doesn't get any remuneration for these works. He doesn't feel hurt for these, rather he feels proud of it.

a. What does SAFTA stand for? 1

b. What does medium industry mean? Explain. 2

c. What kind of economic activity is Tamizuddin's family engaged in? Explain. 3

d. people like Tamizuddin are contributing heavily to the national economy. Explain the statement in the light of the above stem. 4

2. Zarina Begum is a poor rural widow. One day, she purchased some bamboo and cane from the market. She along with her two daughters made baskets, flower vases and kulash. Her son Tamzid sells them in the market. The profit from these helps her run the family. Demands for their products increase day by day. Later on, Tamzid took a bank loan with the help from his father's friend. He set up a factory of cakes and biscuits. Processing and packaging the food stuff in his factory, he sells them and earns a good profit.

a. What are the objectives behind establishing export processing zones? 1

b. What is informal economic activity? Explain. 2

c. What kind of industry does the factory of Tamzid belong to? Explain. 3

d. Discuss the contribution made by Zarina Begum to the national economy of Bangladesh. 4

3. The people of Bahrapur started a movement being agitated with the long autocratic attitude and activities of their chairman. He never cared for anyone but some people around him. Other people made movement to establish their rights. The chairman employed all kinds of power in his hands and resorted to bloodshed. The strong unity, resistance against injustice and self-sacrifice of the people gradually weakened his power. At one stage, the chairman was forced to resign.

a. Who declared martial law in Pakistan in 1958? 1

b. Why was the Muslim league defeated in the elections of 1954? Explain. 2

c. Which movement of the people of East Pakistan is reflected in the movement of Bahrapur? 3
Explain your answer.

d. "The end of Chairman of Bahrapur reflects the end of president Ayub Khan" evaluate the statement. 4

4. **Event 1:** Various languages were spoken among the people of a country X. But the rulers were interested to make one language as their state language. So the inhabitants speaking other languages organized a movement. At one stage, the rulers were forced to recognize all languages.

Event 2: Grandfather told his grandson Touhidul that his father Mr. Ansari was a member of the National Assembly of Pakistan. Although his party was highly popular and won absolute majority in the election, the then rulers were not interested to hand over the power to them.

a. How many people were accused in the Agartala case (state versus Sheikh Mujibur Rahman and others)? 1

b. Why is the Six-point called the manifesto of freedom for the inhabitants of East Bengal? 2

c. Which event of the then East Pakistan is reflected in event- 1? Explain. 3

d. "The event-2 portrays the election of 1970 and its aftermaths." Discuss the statement. 4

5. Today is the first day of first month of Bangla calendar. Fariba, Raisa, Rupanti and priyoti decided to go to Ramna Batamul together. Everyone will wear a red white sari. There, they will listen to the songs and poems of the festival. Every year a large number of men and women gather there. They put on masks, sing songs, some of them paint various motifs on their faces.

- a. What is the name of the first month of Bangla calendar? 1
- b. On which factor is agriculture of Bangladesh dependent? Discuss. 2
- c. Which fair of Bengal is indicated at in the stem? Discuss. 3
- d. What role does the fair of the stem play in patronizing the cultural diversity of Bangladesh? Discuss. 4

6. Shanta belongs to a small indigenous family of Mymensingh. Antara went to Shanta's home along with her to pay a visit. She saw that Shant's Father lived in her mother's house. Shanta told her since she was the youngest daughter of their family, she would live in the house even after her marriage and inherit all properties. Once their community used to worship trees, sea, hills, etc. Now they watch television. Roads of their area have been developed. As members of their community are massively becoming educated, their food and clothing habits have changed.

- a. Which indigenous group does the Gopi Dance belong to? 1
- b. What is Boisabi? 2
- c. To which indigenous group does Shanta belong? Explain in the light of the stem. 3
- d. "All indigenous groups have changed like Shanta's " Explain the statement. 4

7. Ratna and Rupa are cousins. They used to live in the same house along with their grandparents. Ratna left that house along with her parents when her father was transferred to some other place. When they met again after they grew up, they could not mix with each other in proper manner. Ratna avoids even though Rupa takes the initiative. Rupa wants to mix with all and help all. Everybody likes rupa due to this quality.

- a. Which is the place the children are generally given introduction to religious education? 1
- b. Family is a permanent social organ-Explain. 2
- c. Discusses the causes of change in Ratna's manners. 3
- d. "The contribution of joint family is maximum on manners" – Do you agree? Show reasons for in favor of your answer. 4

8. Conversation Between two friends:

Samiha: Lazin, have you read the report on a rickshaw puller in the newspaper some days ago?

Lazin: Yes, I have. He did not take the bag containing one lakh taka that was left in his rickshaw for himself. Rather he found out the address of the passenger and returned the money.

Samiha: Our country needs the kind of people like that rickshaw puller. His conscience and self-restraint are indeed praise worthy.

- a. What is the position of Bangladesh in the world in terms of population? 1
- b. Sectarianism is barrier to becoming a good citizen –Explain. 2
- c. What quality of the rickshaw puller is clear in the stem? Discuss. 3
- d. That quality of the rickshaw puller only is enough to become a good citizen – Do you agree? Give opinion in favour of your answer. 4

9. Mr. Sobhan and Mr. Shekhar are two friends. Mr. Sobhan is a high official of the government. He carried out his responsibilities properly during the election held some days ago. Mr. Shekhar is a renowned businessman. He got the best tax payee award. Both of them are highly conscious about educating their children. Mr. Sobhan invites Mr. Shekhar and his family in the eid and other festivals. Mr. Shekhar also invites Mr. Sobhan's family to his residence during the puja and other festivals.

Both their families observe their religions independently

- a. Who is the most valuable resource of the country? 1**
- b. Indifference is a barrier to becoming a good citizen- Explain. 2**
- c. Which right of the country is being enjoyed by both the families when they observe their religious rites freely? Discuss. 3**
- d. Both Mr. Sobhan and Mr. Shekhar enjoy their own rights and at the same time carry out their duties and responsibilities- discuss the statement in the light of your textbook. 4**

10. Many students expressed their interest to become class the captain at the proposal of Mr. Amzad, the class teacher of class seven. The class teacher put a box in the classroom and instructed everybody to cast their favored candidate. After counting the votes, when it was declared that Farida got the first position, followed by Sabbir and Nehal in second and third positions, all students cheered them up with claps. Then the contestants greeted each other.

- a. What is the basis of modern democracy? 1**
- b. What system is followed in electing the president of Bangladesh? Explain 2**
- c. Explain the election system followed by Mr. Amzad for his class. 3**
- d. Greeting the winner class captain by the other contestants will strengthen the base of democracy- give your opinion in favour for the statement. 4**

11. Zareef was awe awe-struck as he came across a news item in a daily newspaper on 23 September 2011. Climate is changing due to excess worldwide emission of a specific gas. Consequently countries situated near the sea surface, like Bangladesh and the Maldives are now at risk. Zareef decided that this was a disaster for which human activities are responsible. He was worried.

- a. In which region Bangladesh is situated? 1**
- b. Explain effects of monsoon in the climate of Bangladesh. 2**
- c. What kind of risk does the stem predict for Bangladesh? Explain. 3**
- d. Human activities only have caused the disaster described in the stem give your opinion in favour for the statement. 4**

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School

Half Yearly Online Exam- (2021) English Version

Class: Seven

Subject: BGS

Time: 30 minuet

Full Mark: 30

Name: _____ ID. No. _____ Your Score: _____

Multiple Choice Questions: Choose the correct answer from the following alternatives. 30 Marks.

1. In which year the students decided to present the demand for Bangla as a state language in the Constituent Assembly?

- (a) 1948 (b) 1951 (c) 1952 (d) 1953

2. Which movement of the Bengalese got international recognition?

- (a) The Language Movement (b) Confidentiality Movement
(c) The Student Movement (d) Six points Demand

3. After the declaration of which policy in 1962 the students became more agitated?

- (a) Women development policy (b) Child policy
(c) Education Policy (d) Population Policy

4. In the All party state Language Committee the most active among the students were—

- i. Gaziul Haque ii. Kazi Morshed Khan iii. Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman

Which one of the following is correct?

- (a) i and ii (b) ii and ii (c) i and iii (d) i, ii, and iii

5. When was Pakistan formed?

- (a) 1946 (b) 1947 (c) 1948 (d) 1949

6. On which place of Dhaka University Mohammad Ali Zinnah declared about national language?

- (a) Curzon hall (b) Sohrawardi park (c) TSC auditaorium (d) VC square

7. The occasion of Gaya Holud is common in which culture?

- (a) Urban culture (b) Rural culture
(c) Folk culture (d) Religious culture

8. Which country was known as big village?

- (a) Bangladesh (b) China (c) Malaysia (d) Libya

9. What was the main source of our economy?

- (a) agriculture (b) business (c) shop keeping (d) fishing

10. Which Bagalee festival is indicated in this passage?

Read the following passage and answer question nos.11 and 12:

Rashe attended a Pahela Baishakih festival with his father. They were served delicious foods including

- (a) occasion of halkhata (b) Nobanno festival
(c) occasion of Falgun (d) last day of chaitra festival

11. Which festival do the Orans observe to welcome new year?

- (a) Jomu (b) Tuli (c) Fagua (d) Sanai

12. The ethnic celebrations of Boisakhi, Sangrai and Biju are altogether called

- (a) Sabobi (b) Boishabi (c) Bosabi (d) Sanbi

13. Which is a key activity of the family?

- (a) meeting economic needs (b) providing religious education
(c) providing education on social rules (d) maintenance of clans socialization

14. As a primary institution of society, the key task of family is ----

- i. maintenance of clan ii. socialization iii. providing education

Which one of the following is correct?

- (a) i and ii (b) ii and iii (c) i and iii (d) i,ii and iii

- 15. Where is the number of joint family more in Bangladesh?**
 (a) rural area (b) riversides (c) hilly areas (d) urban area
- 16. Which plays an important role in children's socialization process?**
 (a) family (b) educational institutions
 (c) playmates (d) religious institutions
- 17. What is needed for proper socialization of a child?**
 (a) healthy family environment (b) in disciplined environment
 (c) aesthetic home environment (d) luxurious lifestyle
- 18. Who are the closest people of a child?**
 (a) Relatives (b) Father – mother (c) peers (d) Teachers
- 19. Where do most of the people of Bangladesh live?**
 (a) in cities (b) in the capital (c) in villages (d) in hilly areas
- 20. In which category is a mechanic included?**
 (a) middle class (b) lower middle class
 (c) lower class (d) higher middle class
- 21. Since which period have mills and factories been established in Bangladesh?**
 (a) Pal period (b) British period
 (c) Sen period (d) Pakistani period
- 22. Large industry is**
 i. jute ii. Rail iii. Ceramic
- Which one of the following is correct?**
 (a) i and ii (b) i and iii (c) ii and iii (d) i,ii and iii
- 23. From which country does Bangladesh import various commodities?**
 (a) Pakistan (b) Russia (c) China (d) Nepal
- 24. What is required for a country's development?**
 (a) Citizen (b) Good citizen (c) Leader (d) Judge
- 25. How many fundamental attributes must someone have to become a good citizen?**
 (a) Two (b) Three (c) Four (d) Five
- 26. Which one is responsible in creating indifference among citizens?**
 (a) Self interest (b) party spirit
 (c) Religious blindness (d) Lack of proper education
- 27. To become a good citizen, a citizen must be –**
 i educated ii. literate iii. self- centered
- Which one of the following is correct?**
 (a) i and ii (b) ii and iii (c) i and iii (d) i,ii and iii
- 28. What do the citizens enjoy from the state in all the countries of the world?**
 (a) Duties (b) Humanity (c) responsibilities (d) Rights
- 29. Read the stem below and answer questions 65 and 66:**
 Mr. K is a citizen of Bangladesh. He is educated and he is also educating his children. He pays his taxes on time and encourages other people to do the same.
- 30. What can the duties, carried out by Mr. K, be termed as?**
 (a) rights (b) Duties
 (c) Ethical responsibility (d) Fundamental duty

Dhaka Adventist Pre – Seminary & School
Online Half Yearly Examination – 2021
Class: 7 (English Version)
Subject: Home Science

Time: 25 Minutes

Marks: 25

Creative Multiple Choice Questions:

1. Which factor is the center of home management?
a. Organizing b. Goal c. Controlling d. Planning
2. Which is the most important step of home management?
a. Planning b. control c. organization d. evaluation
3. What is necessary for achieving a goal?
a. Saving b. Limited use of resources
c. Misuse of resources d. United application
4. Which is an important resource?
a. Asset b. intelligence c. Time d. Courage
5. Which one is a cooking appliance?
a. Cooking Spud b. Plate c. Spoon d. Bowl
6. How many things are considered while checking the quality of an appliances?
a. three b. four c. five d. six
7. Which one of the following is primary colour?
a. Orange b. Red c. Purple d. Green
8. Which line can create more variety?
a. Zigzag line b. Diagonal line c. Vertical line d. Curve line
9. What are the bright colour called?
a. Primary colours b. Secondary colours c. Warm colours d. Cool colours
10. How many principles of art are there?
a. three b. four c. five d. six
11. Which quality is needed to become self-reliant?
a. Move forward to help others when they are in danger b. To stay in a safe distance
c. Education for a long time d. To depend on others.
12. Which takes the child's initial responsibilities?
a. State b. Teacher c. Family d. Neighbour

13. A child learns good things from-at first.

- a. television b. playground c. family d. school

14. Which of the following is related to mental development?

- a. Intelligence b. Self centeredness c. Self admiration d. Physiological activities

15. Which one is a constructive game?

- a. Swimming b. Riding cycle c. Making doll d. Hide and seek

16. Through which game the quality of leadership is built?

- a. Colouring or Painting b. Chess c. Football d. Drawing picture

17. Which are important for the overall development of a child?

- a. Games b. Study c. Taking care d. Sleeping

18. What type of games is played most in the cities?

- a. Kabadi b. Bouchhi c. Computer games d. Gollachhut

19. What type of ability is intelligence?

- a. Physical b. Mental c. Material d. Social

20. Which day is observed as the “World Autism Day”?

- a. 2nd December b. 3rd December c. 4th December d. 5th December

21. Disabled children are also called-

- a. children with special needs b. special type of children
c. sick children d. helpless children

22. Disabled children deserve – like any other children.

- a. toy b. food c. love d. treatment

23. Which one is a right to live your life?

- a. To know the information b. To speak with freedom
c. To live a standard life d. To get a healthy environment

24. How many clauses are there in the UN’s declaration of the rights of the Child?

- a. 50 b. 52 c. 54 d. 55

25. What should the children do who work as domestic help?

- A. study b. visit their parents c. play games d. sing

Dhaka Adventist Pre – Seminary & School
Online Half Yearly Examination – 2021
Class: 7 (English Version)
Subject: Home Science

Creative Essay Type Questions: (Answer any Five)

Full marks – 50

1. Ritu lives in a village. She tries to fulfil the needs of her family with her limited income prioritizing the needs. As the tube-well is far from her kitchen she stores water in a bucket. She arranges the essential equipment for cooking and keeps them on a shelf made of clay. As a result, she can take her children to school on time after finishing her cooking.
 - a. What is resource?
 - b. What is limitation of resources?
 - c. Which technique does Ritu apply as a preparation for cooking? Explain how it helps her to make the work simple.
 - d. “Ritu uses family resources properly”- Justify this statement.

2. Saleha and Halima live in the apartments of same space. Saleha Begum has used sky coloured curtains. On the other hand, Halima Khatun has used curtains which are printed with red flowers. She has kept a large tub made of clay beside the door. One day Maria, from a neighboring apartment went to Saleha’s house. From there she went to Halima’s house and said that it could be better if you have a little bigger drawing room.
 - a. What is the source of light?
 - b. What is an interior decoration?
 - c. On which factor has Saleha given emphasis in decorating her room? Explain.
 - d. Analyze the efficiency of Halima in decorating her home.

3. Rubi has her busy husband and two children, Sumim and Suma, in her family. Her husband is always busy at his work. Rubi exchanges her feeling with her children like a friend. She play an active role to build her children co-operative attitudes towards their peers. Their father also spends time with them in spite of his busy schedule and takes them to the parks and historical places for their entertainment.
 - a. What is a family?
 - b. Why is it necessary to follow the rules and regulations of a society in making a good citizen of the country?
 - c. What kind of manner of a child will be developed from the influence of Rubi’s behavior towards her children?
 - d. The environment mentioned in the stem is helpful to obtain a sound development for the children-Justify this statement.

4. Faiyaz is a dependable goalkeeper of the football team of his school. He tries to co-operate his neighbours. He sometimes makes different kinds of flowers, birds, and other designs by cutting pieces of paper in his leisure time. Besides, collecting stamps and reading book are also his hobbies.
 - a. What kind of game is chess?
 - b. Why is the hobby of coin collection helpful to increase the knowledge beside entertainment?
 - c. What kind of development does Faiyaz have with the way that he spends his leisure time? Explain.
 - d. It is possible to achieve the social qualities through following Faiyaz. Analyze this statement.

5. Sumona is a working lady. She always gives nutritious food to her only daughter Mitu who is 5 years old. Mitu spends her leisure time by watching television and playing computer games. Recently Sumona has noticed that Mitu is becoming fat and instead of mixing with other children of her age she plays alone.
 - a. How does every healthy child spend most of the time of a day?
 - b. The nature of play is changed with the growing of age- Explain it.
 - c. Explain the reasons of physical change of Mitu.
 - d. How will the ways that Mitu’s spends her leisure time affect on her social development? Analyze.

6. Pranti and Pratooy are brothers and sisters. Pratooy is two years old and Pranti is a teenager. Pranti usually behaves like Pratooy and often laughs without any reason. Her family members keep her busy with songs, painting and drawing pictures and telling her stories. Everyone in the family listens to her attentively and her mother takes care of her with a lot of love and patience.

- a. Who constitutes the society?
- b. Why is the early stimulation necessary?
- c. What disability can you notice in Pranti? Explain.
- d. The behavior of all the family members of Pranti is a great support for her mental development. –Analyze the statement.

7. Abdul Malek is a rickshaw puller. His elder son, Rana, is 12 years old. He reads in class V and is a good student. Abdul Malek cannot work properly as he has been sick for a long time. In this circumstance, Abdul Malek has stopped Rana's education and has sent him to a nearby garments factory to work there.

- a. Which is the most widely expected human right?
- b. Why most of the children of Bangladesh are deprived of a good protection according to the declaration?
- c. Which right has Rana been deprived of? Explain.
- d. To what extent is Abdul Malek's decision justified according to the declaration of United Nations? Analyze it.

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School

Half yearly Online Exam- (2021)

English Version

Class: Seven Subject: Agriculture

Time: 2: 30 hours.

Full Mark: 70

Name: _____ ID. No. _____ Your Score: _____

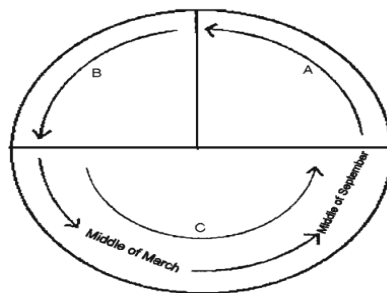
Read the passage. Then answer the questions given below: (Write any 7) 70 Marks.

Creative Questions: out of 8, 5 of them are to be answered. Each question carries 10 marks)

1. Though Sadiq's home is situated in the area where it rains lightly. Still a lot of vegetables grow there. Once Sadiq accompanied his mother to his uncle's house at Tilatol in Chittagong and carried some fresh vegetables with them. One day he noticed that the sky suddenly got covered with deep dark clouds and stormy wind started blowing, and then it began to rain.

- What do you understand by season of crops? 1
- Explain the reason of calling potato vegetable of cardinal temperatures. 2
- In the light of the stem above describe, according to the season, the characteristics of the crops of the agro area where Sadiq belongs to. 3
- Compare the weather types of Sadiq's area with that of his uncle's precinct. 4

2.



Graph of agricultural season on the basis of 12 months

- In how many regions has Bangladesh been demarcated on the basis of the weather and climate? 1
- Explain under what circumstances contamination of diseases spreads during winter. 2
- Explain the reason why irrigation is not much required in the part of the agricultural season identified in the graph. 3
- Evaluate the impact of temperature on the crops of agricultural seasons marked as 'C' in the figure. 4

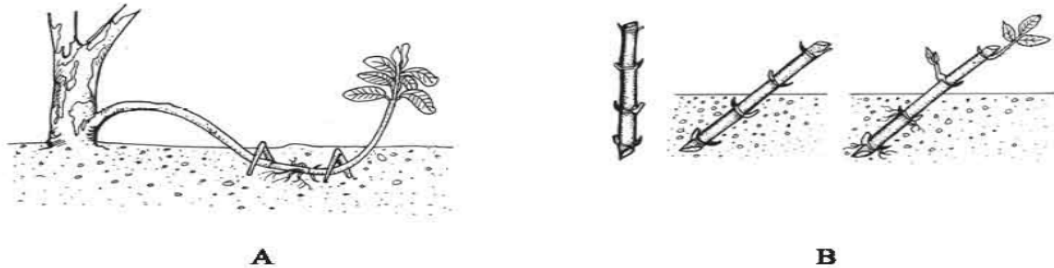
3. Rafiq, a small businessman came back to his village from town after suffering a loss in his business. It was very tough for him to meet the daily requirements of his 6 member family. Besides a small house in the village, he owned a medium sized pond and 50 decimals of crop land. Eventually, as he was advised by his uncle Altaf master, he began to work on one of his rural assets. Soon, besides meeting the family demand for animal protein he made a handsome profit. Later he started engaging his other agricultural assets.

- In how many ways did men collect food before they started agriculture? 1
- Explain the reasons why banana is called a season neutral fruit. 2
- Describe how Rafiq started earning profit by engaging his agricultural wealth. 3
- Evaluate the ways Rafiq employed his agricultural assets in the context of our demand for food. 4

4. Rahim Miah has cultivated several kinds of field and horticultural crops in his fields. All the members of his family started celebrating the harvest festival.

- a. When did man learn how to use and control fire? 1
- b. Write down the characteristics of a family. 2
- c. Explain how the activities of Rahim Miah help to meet up the demand for food. 3
- d. Analyze the relationship of the agricultural activities of Rahim Miah with the festival mentioned above. 4

5.



- a. What do you understand about asexual multiplication of plants by grafting? 1
- b. Explain an advantage of asexual multiplication by grafting. 2
- c. Which technique of the above figures is suitable for multiplication of rose? Explain. 3
- d. Analyse the ways how the above grafting procedures can help in having good plantlet, and eventually a good crop. 4

6. To fulfill family demands, Mr. Shyamol started growing cauliflowers and tomatoes near his homestead. He has a 5 year old mango orchard too. Mr. Shyamol was successful with an irrigation method in mango orchard and he applied this same method for his vegetable garden and faced some problems in the vegetable garden.

- a. Why irrigation is applied? 1
- b. Explain a technology to increase affectivity of water management. 2
- c. Explain the irrigation method that Mr. Shyamol successfully employed in his mango orchard. 3
- d. Analyse how Mr. Shyamol could solve the irrigation problem in his vegetable garden. 4

7. Mr. Hafeez farmer from Sardarpara village managed 20 decimal of lands through a lease agreement and observed that in his rice crop tillers are not coming out as expected. The crop field is infested with insects and mites too. People suggested Hafeez to apply chemical fertilizers and pesticides. Hafeezi ignored the suggestions and was a loser. But in the next year, from the very beginning to the end of cropping he applied bio-management and was successful.

- a. What do you understand by nutrient elements for plants? 1
- b. Explain the usefulness of keeping a trench vacant while producing compost through trench method. 2
- c. Describe what kind of organic management practice Hafeez could adopt in the first year crop? 3
- d. Evaluate the fact that the crop management practice Hafeez adopted in the second year not only fulfilled the nutrition requirements but also protected his crop from pests and diseases. 4

8. Mr. Ahad for the second time transplanted brinjal seedlings on his field near his homestead. These plants flowered and produced fruits in due time. This time Mr. Ahad noticed infestation of insect pests in his brinjal field. He also noticed small black pores on some fruits. Last year also he faced similar problems and applied chemical insecticides which were of no use only wastage of money. Therefore this time he consulted the local agricultural officer for the alternative treatment.

- a. What kind of insecticides can be used to conserve nature? 1
- b. For what reason, chemical pesticides are called silent killers? Explain. 2
- c. Describe the appropriate measure to solve the problem Mr. Ahad facing? 3
- d. Evaluate the measures Mr. Ahad took for his brinjal crop in the previous year. 4

9. Tayyeb Ali cultivated paddy on his two acres of land. in spite of applying right amount of fertilizer at the right time , his yield was unsatisfactory. He observed rat holes on the isles of his land. When he visited the Agriculture Officer, he advised him to increase the efficiency of the irrigation on his plot of land Field Techniques Used in Agriculture.

- a. What is drainage? 1
- b. Why irrigation is applied on land? 2
- c. Describe the reasons behind insufficient yield in Tayyeb Ali's land. 3
- d. Analyse the advice of agriculture officer. 4

10. After retiring from his work, Mr. Nazmul established a cattle farm. Though his cattle were developing well but some showed signs of wound on the skin. He noticed that the bleeding from the wounds doesn't stop. That's why he became worried.

- a. What is pesticide? 1
- b. Write two functions of vitamin. 2
- c. Explain the cause of the first problem mentioned in the stem. 3
- d. Analyse the remedy for the second problem mentioned in the stem. 4

11. Most of the farmers of Mirpara village have incurred great loss due to adverse weather and climatic condition during kharif-2 season. Under such circumstances, a government agricultural development officer comes to visit the damaged crop field of the farmers. He says, Land weather, soil and water are the prime considerations for the determination of agro ecological zones.

- a. What is rabi crop? 1
- b. Why stagnant water of heavy rainfall needs to be drained out quickly? 2
- c. By which type of adverse conditions were the farmers of Mirpara village been hampered? Explain. 3
- d. Analyze the statement of the agricultural development officer. 4

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School

Half yearly Online Exam- (2021) English Version

Class: Seven Subject: Agriculture Studies

Time: 30 minutes

Full Mark: 30

Name: _____ ID. No. _____ Your Score: _____

Multiple Choice Questions: Choose the correct answer from the following alternatives. 30 Marks.

1. How many sources are there for irrigation?
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5
2. Reducing wastage of which increases effectiveness of irrigation water?
(a) fertilizer (b) pesticide (c) water (d) seed
3. In how many ways the irrigation water is wasted?
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5
4. Which irrigation method is convenient for use in plain land?
(a) furrow irrigation (b) flood irrigation
(c) boarder irrigation (d) circular irrigation
5. What scarcity is occurred in the foot zone area of a tree, if water remains stagnant?
(a) oxygen (b) nitrogen (c) microbe (d) nutrition
6. What is the process of drawing back excess water from the crop field called?
(a) irrigation (b) drainage (c) drought (d) flood
7. What is the name of the medicine for see treatment?
(a) Malathion (b) Sumithion (c) Granular (d) Diptarex
8. At present, which is cultivated in summer?
(a) tomato (b) potato (c) cabbage (d) cauliflower
9. At present, which is cultivated in summer?
(a) lady's finger (b) cabbage (c) gourd (d) cauliflower
10. How many days are required for hatching egg of hen?
(a) 18 – 20 (b) 20 – 22 (c) 21 – 23 (d) 23 – 24
11. In which era, humans learnt the use of fire?
(a) stone (b) bronze (c) hunting (d) silver
12. Which one contributed in the formation of society?
(a) Family (b) values (c) capacity (d) ethics
13. Who ensures our overall security, including food security, since birth?
(a) country (b) village (c) society (d) family
14. What was a prime factor in deciding the structure of our family and society in the past?
(a) Agriculture (b) fishery (c) orchard (d) Livestock farm
15. Before farming began, people used to live ----
i.in groups ii. with their families iii. with animals
16. Which of the following is correct?
(a) i and ii (b) i and iii (c) ii and iii (d) i, ii and iii
17. What is formed with the combination of some families?
(a) village (b) society (c) town (d) nation
18. What played a significant role in the formation of the society?
(a) agriculture (b) crop production (c) harvesting (d) division of labour
19. Which is a micro nutrient?
(a) phosphorus (b) sulphur (c) molybdenum (d) potassium
20. How many essential nutrients for plants are there?
(a) 13 (b) 15 (c) 17 (d) 19

- 21. Which is a macro nutrients?**
 (a) Iron (b) copper (c) carbon (d) boron
- 22. Which is a natural source of plant nutrient?**
 (a) cow dung (b) waste (c) soil (d) straw
- 23. Which element makes the plants green in colour ?**
 (a) phosphorus (b) nitrogen (c) potassium (d) calcium
- 24. What is the amount of ground nut oil cake in preparation of 10kgs mixed concentrate feed?**
 (a) 1kg (b) 2kgs (c) 3kgs (d) 4kgs
- 25. How many crop growing seasons are there?**
 (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5
- 26. What crop will grow in which depends on what?**
 (a) season (b) climate (c) seasonal variation (d) land diversity
- 27. What is the type of climate of Bangladesh?**
 (a) tropical (b) subtropical monsoon (c) monsoon (d) neutral
- 28. Plants produced food in which part of the body?**
 (a) stem (b) leaf (c) root (d) branch
- 29. Which one of the below has impact on crop production?**
 (a) major nutritional elements (b) minor nutritional elements
 (c) elements of soil (d) elements of weather and climate
- 30. Which one of the following is a medicinal plant?**
 (a) paddy (b) Jute (c) Aloevera d. Cauliflower

ঢাকা অ্যাডভেন্টিস্ট প্রি-সেমিনারী অ্যাড স্কুল

অর্ধ-বার্ষিক পরিক্ষা - ২০২১

শ্রেণি: সপ্তম (ইংরেজি ভাষন) বিষয়: বাংলা ১ম পত্র

সময়: ২:০০ ঘন্টা, পূর্ণমান: ৭০+৩০=১০০

(ডান পাশের মান জ্ঞাপক উদ্দীপক গুলোর মধ্যে যে কোন ৭ টি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও)

১। সহপাঠীদের সাথে স্কুল থেকে বাড়ি ফেরার পথে একটি বিড়ালছানার করুণ ডাক শুনে থমকে দাঁড়ায় শ্রেয়সী। হঠাৎ দেখে রাস্তার পাশে একটি গর্তে একটি বিড়ালছানা আটকে আছে। বন্ধুদের সাহায্য নিয়ে শ্রেয়সী সেটিকে পরিষ্কার করে কোলে তুলে নেয়। বাড়িতে ফেরার পর শ্রেয়সীর সেবা-যত্নে বিড়ালছানাটি যেন প্রাণ ফিরে পেল। খুব অল্প সময়ে সে তাদের পরিবারেরই একজন হয়ে উঠলো। কিন্তু ওর ভাই সুজা তাকে সহ্য করতে পারত না, প্রায়ই মারধর করত। একদিন শ্রেয়সী স্কুল থেকে ফিরে বিড়ালছানাটিকে আর খুঁজে পেল না।

ক) ‘পাখি’ গল্পটি কোন গল্প সংকলন থেকে সংগ্রহ করা হয়েছে? ১

খ) লাটু কোমন স্বভাবের ছেলে? তার সম্পর্কে সংক্ষিপ্ত পরিচয় দেও। ২

গ) শ্রেয়সীর মাধ্যমে ‘পাখি’ গল্পের কোন বিশেষ দিকটি ফুটিয়ে তোলা হয়েছে? ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩

ঘ) ‘সুজার মানসিকতা কুমু বা লাটুর মতো হলে বিড়ালছানাটিকে হারাতে হতো না শ্রেয়সীর’ - বিশ্লেষণ করো। ৪

২। সপ্তম শ্রেণির শিক্ষার্থী প্রিয়তি বাবা-মায়ের সঙ্গে প্রথমবারের মতো ঢাকায় বেড়াতে এসেছে। একুশে ফেব্রুয়ারিতে বাবা-মা ওকে নিয়ে যায় কেন্দ্রিয় শহিদ মিনারে। বাবা-মায়ের সাথে সেও ফুল দিয়ে শহিদদের প্রতি শ্রদ্ধা জানায়। বাবার কাছে ভাষাশহিদের আত্মত্যাগের কথা শুনে গর্বে মনটা ভরে ওঠে প্রিয়তির।

ক) কে গেরিলা মুক্তিযোদ্ধা ও রণাঙ্গন সংবাদদাতা ছিলেন? ১

খ) কারা আমাদের পিতৃপুরুষ? আমাদের পিতৃপুরুষদের অবদানের কথা উল্লেখ করো। ২

গ) অস্ত্র ও প্রিয়তির মনোভাব কোন দিক থেকে সাদৃশ্যপূর্ণ - ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩

ঘ) “উদ্দীপকে প্রতিফলিত দিকটি ‘পিতৃপুরুষের গল্পের সম্পূর্ণ ভাবকে ধারণ করে না’ - উক্তিটির যথার্থতা মূল্যায়ন করো। ৪

৩।



শরৎ হচ্ছে আকাশ ও মাটির মিলন। একদিকে নীলকাশ, আরেক দিকে কচি ফসলের দুরন্তপনা; একদিকে সোনা রোদ, আরেকদিকে সবুজের কচি মুখ; সঙ্গে আকাশ মৃত্তিকার যে হৃদয়াবেগ, তা আমাদের হৃদয়কে নাড়া দিয়ে যায়।

ক) ‘ছবির রং’ প্রবন্ধের পাঠের উদ্দেশ্যটি লিখো। ১

খ) গ্রীষ্মকালের প্রকৃতিতে কোন কোন রঙের কথা উল্লেখ আছে? রংগুলোর নাম লিখো। ২

গ) উদ্দীপকে ‘ছবির রং’ প্রবন্ধের কোন দিকটি প্রতিফলিত হয়েছে? তুলে ধরো। ৩

ঘ) এদেশের শিল্পীদের আঁকা ছবিতে উক্ত দিকটির প্রভাব বিশ্লেষণ করো। ৪

৪। নতুন দারোয়ান সামাদ মিয়ার সাথে ছেলের বেশি ভাব-বন্ধুত্ব কিছুতেই মেনে নিতে পারেন না আবীরের মা। তিনি স্বামীকে বোঝান - বিভিন্ন ফন্দি করে অনেক মানুষ এখন অন্যের বাচ্চা চুরি করে। সামাদ মিয়াও তো একদিন তেমন কিছু করে বসতে পারে। বারো বছর আগের ছোট্ট আবীর আজ কলেজ থেকে ফেরার পথে সড়ক দুর্ঘটনায় হাসপাতালে। রক্তের জন্য বাব-মা বিভিন্ন জায়গায় যোগাযোগ করছেন। খবর পেয়ে সামাদ মিয়া ছুটে এসে হাউমাউ করে কাঁদতে কাঁদতে বলেন-‘সাহেব, আবীর জন্য আমার সব রক্ত নেন, আমার নিজের ছেলে হারাইছি, ওরে হারাইলে আমি বাঁচুম না।’

ক) কাবুলিওয়ালার গল্পের মূল বিষয় বস্তু কী? ১

খ) “আমিতো সওদা করিতে আসি না।” - কথাটি বুঝিয়ে লেখো। ২

গ) উদ্দীপক - ১ অংশে ‘কাবুলিওয়ালার’ গল্পের কোন দিকটি প্রকাশ পেয়েছে? ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩

ঘ) “উদ্দীপকের সামাদ মিয়া যেন ‘কাবুলিওয়ালার’ গল্পের মূল ভাবকেই ধারণ করে আছে” - বিশ্লেষণ করো। ৪

৫। লাইব্রেরি এমন এক স্থান, যেখানে বসে মানুষ সব রকম বিষয়ে জ্ঞান অর্জন করে। এখানে প্রকৃতি, বিজ্ঞান, সাহিত্য সকল বিষয়ে বিভিন্ন ধরনের বই পাওয়া যায়। মানুষ এসব বই পড়ে অজানাকে জানতে পারে, নিজের জীবন গড়ে তুলতে পারে।

ক) কোনটি আমাদের ‘দিল-খোলা’ হওয়ার শিক্ষা দেয়? ১

খ) ‘সবার আমি ছাত্র’ বলতে কবি কী বুঝিয়েছেন? ২

গ) উদ্দীপকের লাইব্রেরি ‘সবার আমি ছাত্র’ কবিতায় কীসের সাথে তুলনীয়? ৩

- ঘ) ‘সবার আমি ছাত্র’ কবিতায় কবির বিশ্ব-জোড়া পাঠশালা মন্তব্যটির মূল্যায়ন করো। ৪
- ৬। শীতের ছুটিতে বাবা-মায়ের সঙ্গে হৃদিতা বেড়াতে যায় সেন্টমার্টিন দ্বীপে। সেখানকার সামুদ্রিক প্রবাল, সারি সারি নারিকেল গাছ, মাছ ধরার বড় বড় নৌকা ওর মনে কৌতূহল জাগায়। দিগন্ত বিস্তৃত নীলাভ জলরাশি, পরিষ্কার আকাশ ওকে নিয়ে যায় অন্য এক জগতে। ওর ইচ্ছে হয় সমুদ্রের নানা রঙের মাছের সঙ্গে খেলা করতে। আবার কখনো বা অকাশে পাখি হয়ে উড়ে বেড়াতে।
- ক) রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর কত সালে নোবেল পুরস্কার পেয়েছিলেন? ১
- খ) ‘বাবা কেন আপিসে যায়, যায় না নতুন দেশে’ বলতে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে? ২
- গ) হৃদিতার সেন্টমার্টিনে দেখা দৃশ্যে ‘নতুন দেশ’ কবিতায় চিত্রিত কোন দিকটি প্রতিফলিত হয়েছে? ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩
- ঘ) ‘উদ্দীপকটি যেন ‘নতুন দেশ’ কবিতার মূলভাবকে ধারণ করে আছে।’ উক্তিটির মূল্যায়ন করো। ৪
- ৭। চেয়ারম্যান আজমল সাহেবের এলাকায় একজন ভালো মানুষ হিসেবে যথেষ্ট সুনাম রয়েছে, কিন্তু তাঁর ছেলে কারণে-অকারণে বাড়ির কাজের লোক, আশপাশের খেটে খাওয়া মানুষের সাথে খারাপ আচরণ করে, তুচ্ছ তাচ্ছিল্য করে। চেয়ারম্যান ছেলেকে ডেকে বুঝিয়ে বলেন, তুমি যাদের আজ তুচ্ছ জ্ঞান করছ- সত্যিকার অর্থে তারাই আধুনিক সভ্যতার নির্মাতা, তাদের কারণেই আমরা সুন্দর জীবন যাপন করছি।
- ক) দ্বীটি শব্দের অর্থ কী ১
- খ) কাজী নজরুল ইসলামকে কেন বিদ্রোহী কবি বলা হয়? ২
- গ) চেয়ারম্যান সাহেবের ছেলের আচরণে ‘কুলি-মজুর’ কবিতার কোন দিকটি প্রকাশ পেয়েছে? ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩
- ঘ) ‘চেয়ারম্যান সাহেবের মনোভাব ‘কুলি-মজুর’ কবিতার মূলভাবকেই প্রতিফলন’ - বিশ্লেষণ করো। ৪
- ৮। তুমি যাবে ভাই - যাবে মোর সাথে, আমাদের ছোট গাঁয়, গাছের ছায়ায় লতায় পাতায় উদাসী বনের বায়, মায়া মমতায় জড়াজড়ি করি, মোর গেহখানি রহিয়াছে ভরি। মায়ের বুকেতে, বোনের আদরে, ভাইয়ের স্নেহের ছায়।
- ক) ‘আমার বাড়ি’ কবিতাটি কোন কাব্যগ্রন্থের অন্তর্গত? ১
- খ) ‘আমার বাড়ি’ কবিতায় কবি বন্ধুকে কিভাবে আমন্ত্রণ জানিয়েছেন? ২
- গ) উদ্দীপকের প্রথম চরণের সাথে ‘আমার বাড়ি’ কবিতার কোন অংশের মিল আছে? ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩
- ঘ) উদ্দীপক ও ‘আমার বাড়ি’ কবিতার ভাবার্থ কি এক? বিশ্লেষণ করো। ৪
- ৯। জয়া অর্ধবার্ষিক পরীক্ষায় খারাপ ফল করায় মা তাকে খুব বকলেন। এতে জয়ার মাঝে কিছু একটা দেখানোর জেদ তৈরি হলো। জেদ থেকেই সে রাতদিন পড়াশোনা করতে লাগল। বার্ষিক পরীক্ষার ফল বের হলে দেখা যায় জয়া তৃতীয় স্থান অধিকার করেছে।
- ক. তাঁতি বাজার থেকে কয়টি মাছ কিনল? ১
- খ. আমাদের পল্লী কবির নাম কী? কেন তাঁকে পল্লী কবি বলা হয়? ২
- গ. উদ্দীপকের জয়ার আচরণের সাথে তাঁতি বউয়ের আচরণের মিল কোথায়? ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩
- ঘ. “উদ্দীপক ও ‘জিদ্’ গল্পের মূলকথা এক নয়”। উক্তিটির যথার্থতা বিশ্লেষণ করো। ৪
- ১০। শিউলি বালুচর উচ্চ বিদ্যালয়ে শিক্ষক হিসেবে সম্প্রতি যোগদান করেছেন। প্রথম দিন সপ্তম শ্রেণিতে ক্লাস নিতে এলে ছাত্ররা নানা উৎপাত শুরু করল। ক্লাসে দুইদুই নেতা মামুন বিভাগের ডাক নকল করে ডেকে উঠল। এতে শিউলির ধৈর্যচ্যুতি ঘটল। তিনি বললেন, কাজটি যে করেছে সে যদি স্বীকার করে তবে মাফ করে দেবেন। অন্যথায় সবাইকে শাস্তি পেতে হবে। মামুন উঠে দাঁড়িয়ে দোষ স্বীকার করে ক্ষমা চাইল। শিউলি তাকে সাবধান করে ক্ষমা করে দিলেন।
- ক) ঘোষেদের বাড়ির বৃদ্ধ পণ্ডিতমশাইয়ের নাম কী? ১
- খ) হেডমাষ্টার মশাই লেবুকে ‘অ্যাভাভ অ্যাভারেজ’ মনে করেন কেন? ২
- গ) উদ্দীপকটি ‘দীক্ষা’ গল্পের কোন দিকটিকে মনে করিয়ে দেয়? ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩
- ঘ) “উদ্দীপকের শিউলি সিদ্ধান্ত মামুনের জীবন গড়ার ক্ষেত্রে সহায়ক ভূমিকা রাখবে।” ‘দীক্ষা’ গল্পের আলোকে মন্তব্যটি বিশ্লেষণ করো। ৪
- ১১। মনির সাহেবের ত্রকমাত্র সন্তান অমিত। সে প্রচণ্ড অলস, অকর্মণ্য, পড়াশোনায় মনোযোগ নেই। কিন্তু বাবার ইচ্ছা ছেলেকে উচ্চশিক্ষিত ও প্রতিষ্ঠিত করা। ছেলেকে বিদ্যা শেখানোর জন্য অনেক শিক্ষক নিয়োগ দেওয়া হলো, অসংখ্য বইপত্র, দস্তা দস্তা কাগজকলম এনে জড়ো করা হলো। নামকরা বিদ্যালয়ে ভর্তি করানো হলো। বিদ্যালয়ে যাতায়াতের জন্য গাড়ি কেনা হলো। সবাই মনির সাহেবের প্রশংসা করতে লাগল।
- ক) ‘তোতা-কাহিনি’ গল্পটির লেখকের নাম কী? ১
- খ) ‘পাখিটার শিক্ষা পুরা হইয়াছে’ - এ কথা কেন বলা হয়েছে? ২
- গ) ‘তোতাকাহিনী’ গল্পের কোন দিকটি মনির সাহেবের চরিত্রে প্রতিফলিত হয়েছে? ব্যাখ্যা করো। ৩
- ঘ) উদ্দীপকে বর্ণিত শিক্ষা নিয়ে বাড়িবাড়ির দিকটি ‘তোতাকাহিনী’ গল্পের আলোকে মূল্যায়ন করো। ৪

ঢাকা অ্যাডভেন্টিস্ট প্রি-সেমিনারী অ্যাণ্ড স্কুল

অর্ধ-বার্ষিক পরিক্ষা - ২০২১

শ্রেণি: সপ্তম (ইংরেজি ভাষন)

বিষয়: বাংলা প্রথম,

সময়: ৩০ মিনিট, পূর্ণমান: ৩০

১। রহমত কোন পরিচয়ে পরিচিত ছিল?

- (ক) লেখক (খ) প্রতিবেশির
(গ) দারোয়ান (ঘ) কাবুলিওয়ালা

২। রহমত কখন জেল থেকে খালাস পেয়েছিলেন?

- (ক) সকালে (খ) দুপুরে (গ) সন্ধ্যায় (ঘ) রাতে

৩। ‘কাবুলিওয়ালা’ গল্পে রহমত কোথায় মেওয়া বেচতে আসে?

- (ক) রূপনগর (খ) সোনাপুরে
(গ) আলমপুর (ঘ) কলকাতায়

৪। ‘বন্দুক নেই ভালোই হয়েছে’। এ উক্তি কুমুর যে পরিচয় ফুটে ওঠে—

- i. সে বন্দুককে ভয় পায়
ii. সে রক্তপাত পছন্দ করে না
iii. সে কোমল মনের মানুষ

নিচের কোনটি সঠিক?

- (ক) i ও ii (খ) i ও iii (গ) ii ও iii (ঘ) i, ii ও iii

৫। মোগল আমলে ঢাকার নাম ছিলো—

- (ক) জাহাঙ্গীরনগর (খ) বাবরনগর
(গ) আকবরনগর (ঘ) হুমায়ুননগর

৬। মুক্তিযুদ্ধের সময় কাজল মামা কোথায় পড়তেন?

- (ক) জাতীয় বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ে (খ) চট্টগ্রাম বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ে
(গ) খুলনা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ে (ঘ) ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ে

৭। ‘লখার একুশে’ গল্পে রেললাইনকে কীসের সাথে তুলনা করা হয়েছে?

- (ক) নদী (খ) লম্বা পাত (গ) সাপ (ঘ) রাস্তা

৮। অম্ম মামার কাছ থেকে জানতে পারে—

- i. ঢাকা শহরের নামের ইতিহাস
ii. সাতমসজিদ রাস্তার নামের ইতিহাস
iii. ভাষা আন্দোলন ও মুক্তিযুদ্ধের ইতিহাস

নিচের কোনটি সঠিক?

- (ক) i ও ii (খ) i ও iii (গ) ii ও iii (ঘ) i, ii ও iii

৯। ছবি আঁকার মৌলিক রংগুলো কী?

- (ক) হলুদ, সবুজ ও বেগুনি (খ) লাল, নীল ও হলুদ
(গ) লাল, হলুদ ও কমলা (ঘ) হলুদ, নীল ও সবুজ

১০। লাল ও হলুদ মেশালে কী রং পাওয়া যায়?

- (ক) সবুজ (খ) বেগুনি
(গ) লাল (ঘ) কমলা

১১। মাথা নেড়ে ভয় দেখাচ্ছে কে?

- (ক) গাছের ছায়া (খ) খেঁকশিয়াল
(গ) মহিদ মিনার (ঘ) কাঠবিড়াল

১২। যে কারণে বসন্তকে রঙের ঋতু বলা হয়—

- i. বিচিত্র রঙের ফুল ফোটে চারদিকে
ii. রঙ-বেরঙের প্রজাপতির আনাগোনা নজরে আসে
iii. মানুষ চোখ ধাঁধানো পোশাকে সজ্জিত হয়

নিচের কোনটি সঠিক?

- (ক) i ও ii (খ) i ও iii (গ) ii ও iii (ঘ) i, ii ও iii

১৩। কবিতায় আপন কাজে কঠোর হওয়ার শিক্ষ দেয় কোনটি?

- (ক) পাষণ (খ) পাহাড় (গ) ঝরনা (ঘ) মাটি

১৪। ‘এই পৃথিবীর বিরাট খাতায়’ বলতে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে?

- (ক) পৃথিবীতে অজানা বলে কিছু নেই
(খ) পৃথিবীর সবকিছুই জ্ঞানের আধার
(গ) পৃথিবীকে বিরাট খাতা বলা হয়েছে
(ঘ) প্রকৃতি বড় একটি খাতা বিশেষ

অনুচ্ছেদটি পড়ে ১৫ ও ১৬ নং প্রশ্নের উত্তর দেও।

বাড়িতে আত্মীয় আসলে জেরিন খুব বিরক্ত হলেও তার বোন জারা খুব খুশি হয়। তিনি অত্যন্ত আন্তরিকতার সাথে অতিথিদের আদর-আপ্যায়ন করেন।

১৫। উদ্দীপকের জারার সাথে ‘আমার বাড়ি’ কবিতার কবি কোন দিক দিয়ে সাদৃশ্য রয়েছে?

- (ক) কর্মক্ষমতার (খ) প্রকৃতিপ্রেম
(গ) মানসিকতার (ঘ) সামাজিক অবস্থানে

১৬। উদ্দীপকের জেরিনের মানসিকতা পরিবর্তনে প্রয়োজন—

- i. বিনয়ী হওয়া ii. সদাচারী হওয়া iii. চিহ্নিত হওয়া

নিচের কোনটি সঠিক?

- (ক) i ও ii (খ) i ও iii (গ) ii ও iii (ঘ) i, ii ও iii

১৭। ‘হাসু’ কাব্যগ্রন্থটি কে রচনা করেছেন?

- (ক) আহসান হাবীব (খ) জসীম উদদীন
(গ) ফয়েজ আহমদ (ঘ) সুকুমার রায়

১৮। বাবু সাবরা কাদের শোষণ করে?

- (ক) ধনীদেব (খ) দধীচিদেব
(গ) কুলিদেব (ঘ) সাহেবদেব

১৯। কবি কুলিদেব কোথায় দেখেছেন?

- (ক) রেলো (খ) মাঠে (গ) লঞ্চে (ঘ) নদীতীরে

নিচের উদ্দীপকটি পড়ে ২০ ও ২১ নম্বর প্রশ্নের উত্তর দেও।

থাকব নাকো বন্ধ ঘরে, দেখব এবার জগৎটাকে।

২০। উদ্দীপকে ফুটে উঠেছে-

- i. শিশুর মনের সাধ
ii. নতুনকে জানার আকাঙ্ক্ষা
iii. শিশুসুলভ আচরণ

নিচের কোনটি সঠিক?

- (ক) i ও ii (খ) i ও iii (গ) ii ও iii (ঘ) i, ii ও iii

২১। উদ্দীপকে সাথে তোমার গঠিত সাদৃশ্যপূর্ণ কবিতা হলো-

- (ক) আমার বাড়ি (খ) নতুন দেশ
(গ) সবার আমি ছাত্র (ঘ) কুলি-মজুর

২২। ‘সোনার তরী’ কাব্যগ্রন্থটির রচয়িতা কে?

- (ক) কাজী নজরুল ইসলাম
(খ) আহসান হাবীব
(গ) রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর
(ঘ) সুনির্মল বসু

২৩। ‘চুপ রাও যত মিথ্যাবাদীর দর’- এখানে কাদের বিরুদ্ধে

কবি ক্ষোভ প্রকাশ করেছেন?

- (ক) মিথ্যাবাদীদের (খ) ধনীদেব
(গ) স্বার্থপর সম্পদশালীদের (ঘ) সুবিধাভোগীদের

অনুচ্ছেদটি পড়ে ২৪ নং প্রশ্নের উত্তর দেও।

মাঠে ফুটবল খেলার সময় রাকীব বলে প্রচণ্ড জোরে কিক করল।

বলটি স্কুলের বারান্দা ধরে হাঁটতে থাকা লতিফ স্যারের মুখে গিয়ে লাগল চশমার কাঁচ ভেঙে তার কপালে কেটে গেল।

রাকীব দৌড়ে গিয়ে বারবার ক্ষমা চাইতে থাকলে স্যার বললেন, তোমার তো কোন দোষ নেই, খেলতে গেলে এমনটা হতেই পারে।

২৪। উদ্দীপকের লতিফ স্যার ‘দীক্ষা’ গল্পের কার সাথে তুলনীয়?

- (ক) হেডমাস্টার (খ) সতুবাবু
(গ) মৌলবি সাহেব (ঘ) বামাপদবাবু

২৫। উদ্দীপক ও ‘দীক্ষা’ গল্পে আমরা পাই-

- i. ছাত্র-শিক্ষকের অদর্শ সম্পর্কের স্বরূপ
ii. শিক্ষকের মহানুভবতার পরিচয়
iii. ছাত্রদের খেলাধুলার প্রয়োজনীয়তা

নিচের কোনটি সঠিক?

- (ক) i ও ii (খ) i ও iii (গ) ii ও iii (ঘ) i, ii ও iii

২৬। লোহার শিকল কে তৈরি করেছিলো?

- (ক) কামার (খ) রাজা
(গ) নিন্দুক (ঘ) কাজি

২৭। ‘তোতা-কাহিনী’ গল্পে পাখির ভাগিনাদের কথায় রাজা খুশি হয়ে কী করেছিল?

- (ক) সেনাপতি বানালেন (খ) মন্ত্রী বানালেন
(গ) সোনার হার দিলেন (ঘ) রাজত্ব দিলেন

২৮। তাঁতি ও তার বউয়ের মধ্যে বিবাদ হলো কী নিয়ে?

- (ক) শাড়ি কেনা নিয়ে (খ) মাছ খাওয়া নিয়ে
(গ) শহরে যাওয়া নিয়ে (ঘ) টাকা ভাগাভাগি নিয়ে

২৯। অস্ত্রধারী লোকটা স্বাক্ষর করার জন্য কতক্ষণ সময় দিয়েছিল?

- (ক) ৮ দিন (খ) ১২ ঘন্টা (গ) ৩০ মিনিট (ঘ) ১০ দিন

৩০। খোকা কখন স্কুল থেকে বাড়ি ফিরছিলো?

- (ক) সকালে (খ) দুপুরে (গ) বিকেলে (ঘ) সন্ধ্যায়

ঢাকা অ্যাডভেন্টিস্ট প্রি-সেমিনারী অ্যান্ড স্কুল

অর্ধ-বার্ষিক পরীক্ষা - ২০২১

বিষয়: বাংলা ২য় পত্র

শ্রেণি: সপ্তম (ইংরেজি ভাষন)

সময়: ১:০০ ঘন্টা, পূর্ণমান: ২০+৩০ = ৫০

১। অনুচ্ছেদ লেখো:

(ক) অধ্যবসায়

অথবা (খ) নিচের অনুচ্ছেদটি পড় এবং অনুধাবন করে প্রশ্নগুলোর উত্তর দাও:

পৃথিবী, নির্ঝর, অর্ক, মৃত্তিকা, শ্রাবণী ও অত্রী শীতের ছুটিতে চরকাবায় বেড়াতে গিয়েছে। ওরা ভাই-বোন মিলে এলাকাটির সবকিছু ঘুরে ঘুরে দেখল। ওখানে একটি প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয়, একটি উচ্চ বিদ্যালয়, একটি স্বাস্থ্যকেন্দ্র ও একটি বাজার আছে। এলাকার অধিকাংশ জনগণই শিক্ষিত। কৃষিজীবী, ব্যবসায়ীসহ নানা পেশার মানুষ সেখানে বসবাস করেন। এই গ্রামটি একটি অদর্শ গ্রাম।

(ক) কে কে চরকাবায় বেড়াতে গিয়ে ছিলো?

১

(খ) গ্রামটিতে কোন কোন পেশাজীবীর লোক আছে?

১

(গ) সচ্ছল পরিবার বলতে কী বুঝায়?

১

(ঘ) আদর্শ গ্রাম বলতে কেমন গ্রামকে বুঝায়?

২

২। যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও:

(ক) সারাংশ লেখো:

অপরের জন্য তুমি প্রাণ দাও, আমি তা বলতে চাইনে। অপরের ক্ষুদ্র ক্ষুদ্র দুঃখ তুমি দূর করো। অপরকে একটুকুখানি সুখ দাও। অপরের সঙ্গে একটুকুখানি মিষ্টি কথা বলো। পথের অসহায় মানুষটির দিকে একটু করুণা চাহনি নিষ্ক্ষেপ করো, তাহলেই অনেক হবে। চরিত্রবান, মানবতাসম্পন্ন মানুষ নিজের চেয়ে পরের অভাবে বেশি অধীর হন, পরের দুঃখকে ঢেকে রাখতে গৌরববোধ করেন।

অথবা (খ) সারমর্ম লেখো:

কোথায় স্বর্গ, কোথায় নরক? কে বলে তা বহুদূর?
মানুষের মাঝে স্বর্গ নরক-মানুষেতে সুরাসুর-
রিপুর তাড়নে যখন মোদের বিবেক পায়গো লয়,
আত্মগ্লানির নরক অনলে তখনি পুড়িতে হয়।
প্রীতি ও প্রেমের পুণ্য বাঁধনে যবে মিলি পরস্পরে
স্বর্গ আসিয়া দাঁড়ায় কখন আমাদেরই কুঁড়েঘরে।

৩। যেকোনো একটি ভাব-সম্প্রসারণের উত্তর দেও:

(ক) পিতামাতা গুরুজনে দেবতুল্য জানি, যতনে মানিয়া চল তাহাদের বাণী।

অথবা (খ) লাইব্রেরি জাতির সভ্যতা ও উন্নতির মানদণ্ড।

৪। যেকোনো একটি পত্র লিখো:

(ক) তোমার জীবনের লক্ষ্য কী জানিয়ে বড় ভাইকে চিঠি লেখো।

অথবা (খ) জাতীয় শোক দিবসের অনুষ্ঠানের প্রস্তুতির জন্য ৪র্থ ঘন্টার পর ক্লাস স্থগিতের জন্য আবেদন।

৫। নিচের যেকোনো একটি বিষয়ে প্রবন্ধ রচনা লিখো:

(ক) আমাদের গ্রাম;

(খ) আমাদের চারপাশের প্রকৃতি;

(গ) শহিদ মিনার

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১০

ঢাকা অ্যাডভেন্টিস্ট প্রি-সেমিনারী অ্যাণ্ড স্কুল
অর্ধ-বার্ষিক পরিক্ষা - ২০২১
শ্রেণি: সপ্তম (ইংরেজি ভার্সন)
বিষয়: বাংলা ২য় পত্র সময়: ৩০ মিনিট, পূর্ণমান: ৩০

১। কারা ভাষা-সম্পদের অধিকারী?

(ক) পাখি (খ) পশু (গ) মানুষ (ঘ) সকল প্রাণী

২। বাংলা ভাষার উৎসমূল কোন ভাষা?

(ক) আর্য ভাষা (খ) সংস্কৃত মূল ভাষা
(গ) ইন্দো-ইউরোপীয় মূল ভাষা (ঘ) গৌড়ীয় প্রকৃত

৩। মানুষ কীসের সাহায্যে ধ্বনি বা ধ্বনিসমষ্টি উচ্চারণ করে?

(ক) ত্বক (খ) স্নায়ু (গ) বাকযন্ত্র (ঘ) পরিপাকতন্ত্র

৪। বর্তমান পৃথিবীতে প্রচলিত ভাষার সংখ্যা কত?

(ক) তিন হাজারের বেশি (খ) দুই হাজারের বেশি
(গ) সাড়ে তিন হাজারের বেশি (ঘ) পাঁচ হাজারের বেশি

৫। চলিত ভাষার সর্বনাম পদের রূপ কোনটি?

(ক) তাকে (খ) তাহাকে (গ) হইয়া (ঘ) পড়িব

৬। ব্যাকরণ ভাষার কী বলা হয়?

(ক) অভিভাবক (খ) গাইড (গ) সংবিধান (ঘ) উপাদান

৭। ব্যাকরণের কাজ কী?

(ক) ভাষাকে গতিশীল করা
(খ) ভাষার অভ্যন্তরীণ শৃঙ্খলা অবিস্কার
(গ) ভাষাকে ভাব গাভীর্যপূর্ণ করা
(ঘ) ভাষাকে সহজসাধ্য করা

৮। বাংলা ভাষার প্রথম ব্যাকরণ গ্রন্থ কোন ভাষায় রচিত?

(ক) বাংলা ভাষায় (খ) ইংরেজি ভাষায়
(গ) পর্তুগিজ ভাষায় (ঘ) স্পেনিশ ভাষায়

৯। প্রথম কোন বাঙালি বাংলা ব্যাকরণ রচনা করেন?

(ক) উইলিয়াম কেরি (খ) রাজা রামমোহন রায়
(গ) চিত্তমণি গঙ্গোপাধ্যায় (ঘ) রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর

১০। ব্যাকরণের বৈশিষ্ট্য হলো—

i. ভাষাকে নির্ভুল রাখা
ii. ভাষাকে অনুসরণ করা
iii. ভাষার সংগঠন বিশ্লেষণ করা

নিচের কোনটি সঠিক?

(ক) i (খ) ii (গ) i ও ii (ঘ) i, ii ও iii

১২। বাতাসের সঙ্গে বিভিন্ন বাক-প্রত্যঙ্গের সংঘর্ষে কী সৃষ্টি হয়?

(ক) শব্দ (খ) বাক্য (গ) ধ্বনি (ঘ) বর্ণ

১৩। ধ্বনি লিখে প্রকাশ করার জন্য যে প্রতীক বা চিহ্ন ব্যবহৃত হয় তাকে কী বলে?

(ক) বর্ণ (খ) শব্দ (গ) বাক্য (ঘ) অক্ষর

১৪। যেসব ধ্বনি উচ্চারণের সময় ফুসফুস থেকে আগত বাতাস মুখের কোথাও বাধা পায় না তাদের কী বলে?

(ক) স্বরধ্বনি (খ) স্বরবর্ণ
(গ) ব্যঞ্জনধ্বনি (ঘ) ব্যঞ্জনবর্ণ

১৫। ‘ব্যাপার’ শব্দে কোন ধ্বনিটি যুক্ত আছে, যার কোনো স্বতন্ত্র ধ্বনি-চিহ্ন নেই?

(ক) অ (খ) আ (গ) ও (ঘ) অ্যা

১৬। তালব্য-দন্তমূলীয় ধ্বনি কোনটি?

(ক) ল (খ) ঠ (গ) র (ঘ) ঝ

১৭। বাংলা ব্যাকরণ রচনা করেছেন—

i. ডক্টর মুহম্মদ শহীদুল্লাহ
ii. ডক্টর মুহম্মদ এনামুল হক
iii. জ্যোতিভূষণ চাকী

নিচের কোনটি সঠিক উত্তর?

(ক) i (খ) ii (গ) i ও ii (ঘ) i, ii ও iii

১৮। যে ভাষারীতিতে ক্রিয়াপদ ও সর্বনাম পদ সংক্ষিপ্ত আকারে ব্যবহৃত হয় তাকে কী বলে?

(ক) সাধুভাষা (খ) চলিত ভাষা
(গ) ব্যক্তিভাষা (ঘ) কথ্যভাষা

১৯। আদিকালে মানুষ ভাব বিনিময়ের জন্য মধ্যম হিসেবে ‘চিত্র’ ব্যবহার করত। এ রকম আরেকটি মাধ্যম—

(ক) চিঠি (খ) অঙ্গপ্রত্যঙ্গের ব্যবহার
(গ) বৃষ্টির শব্দ (ঘ) তথ্য-প্রযুক্তি

২০। নিচের কোন বর্ণগুলো কণ্ঠ্যধ্বনির উদাহরণ?

(ক) অ, আ, ক, খ (খ) ই, ঈ, চ, ছ
(গ) উ, ঊ, প, ফ (ঘ) ত, থ, দ, ধ

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School

Half Yearly Online Exam- (2021) English Version

Class: Seven Subject: Christian Religion

Time: 2: 30 hours.

Full Mark: 70

Name: _____ ID. No. _____ Your Score: _____

Read the passage. Then answer the questions given below: (Write any 7) 70 Marks.

1. Jui is engaged to Dany. Although poor, Dany was pious, God fearing and humble. He worked in a factory at a poor salary. He thought to himself as unworthy husband for his wife. So he wanted to leave his wife secretly. He went to the priest and told everything. But the priest told Dany about Jui, Jui is a simple, humble and devout girl. Do not be afraid to accept Jui as your wife. Dany did as the priest advised him.
 - a. What is the name of the king of Judea? 1
 - b. Why did God send His beloved Son in the womb of Mary? 2
 - c. What aspects of Joseph can be found in Dany- Explain. 3
 - d. The stimulus has some similarities with the story of Joseph? Justify your comment. 4
2. Proshanto is a social worker in an area. He is very pious in his personal and family life. He helps the poor of the village by giving them medicine, cloth and food. The villagers, learning about his greatness, started bringing the sick to him so that they can be healed by his touch. He told the people, I cannot do this work. Only Jesus can do it.
 - a. What is the meaning of the word 'Messiah'? 1
 - b. Why is Jesus addressed as 'Lord'? 2
 - c. What qualities of Jesus are evident in Proshanto – Explain? 3
 - d. Do you think all qualities of Jesus are evident in Proshanto? Justify your comment. 4
3. Apurbo has built up a beautiful farm. There are cows, different types of birds, swans and chickens, plants and a garden of different kinds of flowers. He takes care of all these with sincerity and affection. He laboriously works for the development of the farm. He earns much money by selling milk from cows and flowers of the garden. He helps the poor after fulfilling his own needs. Apurbo is glorifying and appreciating God through this work.
 - a. What did God create on the 6th day? 1
 - b. Why did God create man as embodiment of Him? 2
 - c. Explain what responsibility is Apurbo shouldering as man? 3
 - d. "In the activities of Apurbo as the best of creations of God, the glory and praises of God has been revealed," – Present some arguments in favor of this statement. 4
4. **Senario-1** Going to a study tour Seema saw the 'Shalbon' in Modhupur area very beautifully decorated, chirping of birds being echoed. Scenery and environment of 'Shalbon' captivated Seema.
Senario-2 On World Environment day Joya came to know that the earth is losing its ecological balance due to cutting of trees and for not taking proper care of natural environment. And for this reason different types of natural disasters are arising every year. The earth is getting warmer day by day. Joya thinks that God has created a beautiful world and men are destroying it.
 - a. How was everything before all were created? 1
 - b. Why did God create man as unique? 2
 - c. Explain what has been revealed of God in the first scenario? 3
 - d. Do you think Joya will be able to bring changes by taking care of environment and affection for the same to her known scenery? Give your own opinion. 4

5. Mr. Joseph has two children. Rony and Sumi. While taking food Mr. Joseph offers Rony the best part of food because father wishes Rony to be a doctor. Additional teacher has been appointed for Roy and Sunil for better progress in studies. Sumi studies at her own will. In the result it is observed, because of spontaneous concentration examination result of Sumi becomes much better than that of Rony.
- What did God think after He had created Adam? 1
 - What is the relation between soul and body? 2
 - Explain the position of women in society on the basis of the activities of Joseph. 3
 - Analyze the matter of equality between man and women after the characters of Sumi and Rony. 4
6. Sourav is the only son of his parents. But he is not normal like others. He is physically impaired. He has profound belief upon God. He prays to God seeking strength so that he can do his own work. As a result he makes a good result in JSC. He obtains government scholarship. On the contrary, his friend Palash suffers from mental anxiety due to his color being black though he is physically fit. He cannot do anything with concentration. Owing to his mental pressure he falls ill.
- What should one be aware of along with the proper care of the body? 1
 - What do you understand by misuse of human body? 2
 - What characteristics of Sourav are revealed here? 3
 - What can Palash do to change his situation according to you? 4
7. (Laya, Choa and Sumon live in the same area and read in the same class. In the evening they meet eachother.)
- Laya : Choa, how are you?
- Choa : I am not as bad as you are. I am fine.
- Laya : Will you not go to school today? Let us go together.
- Choa : will I go on foot like you? I will go by car.
- Sumon : Why are you talking with Laya like this? Are you showing off your wealth? God will punish you.
- Choa : Why will I not show off? Money is all. God cannot do anything to me.
- What is sin? 1
 - What is meant by venial sin? 2
 - What kind of sin Choa committing? Explain. 3
 - How can Choa be saved from this kind of sin? Clarify. 4
8. Anal is a preacher. He has deep love for religion since childhood. In any religious program Anal is ahead of all. He is criticized for his religious activities by different people. But he continues his mission in spite of hatred and criticism. Because Anal knows that he has to suffer for doing something better. Even his relatives may also neglect him. But the religious teaching encouraged him to keep patient. So, he becomes an independent man by obeying God.
- Who were the first witnesses of the birth of Jesus? 1
 - In which manger was Jesus born? 2
 - Whose characteristics inspired Anal in his work? Explain. 3
 - Do you think Anal is eligible to achieve God's blessing? Give reasons in favor of your answer. 4

9. Placid is a social worker. He is working with others for the development of society. Every one of his locality knows about his honesty, faithfulness and justice. A friend of him wanted to testify his honesty. So he insisted him to stop his social activities and offered him a lot of money. But placid ignored him. And he continued his work strongly and appointed more workers, so that they can continue his work in absence of him.
- By whom was Jesus baptized? 1
 - What happens to a man after his baptism? 2
 - By which event of Jesus was placid encouraged and won the temptation? Explain. 3
 - Jesus calling of disciples and placid's appointing of workers –compare and contrasts these two incidents. 4
10. Shanta is a student of class Seven. She is religious, truthful and just. On the occasion of Easter a function is held in the field beside the school. The responsibility was given to Shanta. On the day of the function some strayed youths started to make disturbance to stop the function. Many participants fled away. Thinking about the instruction of the Headmaster Shanta carried on the function. At this time the Bengali teacher encouraged and cooperated with her. At this time the thought of Virgin Mary came to her mind.
- How was the life style of the Virgin Mary? 1
 - How can we show piety to Virgin Mary? 2
 - Explain--- which quality of the Virgin Mary was reflected in Shanta? 3
 - Analyze the cause of Shanta's remembering Mary because of the role of the Bengali teacher. 4
11. Joyanto quite often takes money from his father's pocket. He spends a lot of time with his friends. Seeing the changes in his conversation and behaviour one day his father asked him about money. But Joyanto utterly denied it. In this way he started acting weirdly with his friends. Gradually he involved himself with greater crimes.
- What kind of sin is it to disobey God's commandments? 1
 - What do you understand by the seven passions or tendency to sin? 2
 - Explain the kind of work Joyanto did. 3
 - What do you think the result of Joyanto's works might be? Justify your response in light of the texts in the book. 4

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School
Half yearly Online Exam- (2021)
English Version
Class: Seven Subject: Christian Religion

Time: 30 minuet

Full Mark: 30

Name: _____ **ID. No.** _____ **Your Score:** _____

Multiple Choice Questions: Choose the correct answer from the following alternatives. 30 Marks.

1. What is meaning of the word ‘Christ’?

- a. nominated b. sent c. anointed d. savior

2. What is meant by the word ‘Lord’?

- a. miraculous power b. divine power c. priesthood d. priestly rights

Read the following passage and answer questions 3 and 4

Dip is a pious person. He goes to “A “place to preach the word. There he discovers a person who is involved with drug addiction and all other unsocial activities and is also physically sick. By his prayer, service and preaching Dip heals their physical and mental illness.

3. Who inspired Dip to do the above work?

- a. Peter b. Jesus c. Paul d. John

4. What is the word “Christ”?

- a. Hebrew b. Aramaic c. Latin d. Greek

5. What is the meaning of “Messiah”?

- a. Anointed b. atonement c. action d. correction

6. What has God exposed His absolute power through?

- a. through a sentence b. through his creation
c. through Jesus Christ d. through some miraculous works

7. What responsibilities did God bestow onto man?

- a. to create some new things b. to enjoy only
c. to dominate over the world d. to take care and nurse the creations.

8. How does a painter reveal the beauty of the creation?

- a. song b. letter c. dance d. paint

9. Sin is not created by God rather it is the misuse of the _____

- a. happiness b. liberty c. luck d. money

10. How does a writer reveal the beauty of the creation?

- a. dance b. compose c. paint d. Art

11. What is our driving force?

- a. body b. mind c. leg d. head

12. What does soul mean?

- a. Human entity b. human body c. presentation of God d. similarity with God

13. What do we call soul?

- a. Death b. New life c. Soul d. Resurrection

14. Who has named all creatures?

- a. God b. Jesus c. Adam d. Prophet

15. From which bone of Adam God created Eve?

- a. Chest b. hand c. leg d. rib

16. How many ways can sins be categorized according to their seriousness?

- a. Two ways b. three ways c. four ways d. five way

17. Anger can be controlled by

- i. forgiving ii. Being patient iii. By prayer and reading of the Bible

Which one of the following is correct?

- a. I & ii b. I & iii c. ii & iii d. I, ii & iii

Read the following passage and answer questions 18 and 19.

Rahul gets up late from sleep and thus cannot do anything timely. One evening his father explained to Rahul about various sinful activities and told him that if we do these, we commit sin. He added, “you have to change these bad habits.”

18. What kind of sin did Rahul commit?

- a. Greed b. Jealousy c. Pride d. Laziness

19. How can Rahul avoid this kind of tendency of sin?

- a. By practicing humility
b. Avoiding violence
c. Trying hard
d. Following self-discipline

20. What have we lost by sin?

- a. bliss b. strength c. relatives d. money

21. How was the whole life of Jesus?

- a. working b. preaching c. blessing d. mystery

22. Who Baptized Jesus?

- a. Moses b. Angel Gabriel c. Solomon d. John the Baptist

23. How many days were in the desert?

- a. 20 days b. 30 days c. 40 days d. 50 days

24. How many times did Jesus talk about His death during His preaching?

- a. Twice b. Thrice c. Four times d. Five times

25. Jesus took baptism to express—

- a. Glory of God c. Glory of angels c. Glory of Holy Spirit d. Glory of John

26. Whom did people use to call unfertile?

- a. Tabitha b. Dorka c. Elizabeth d. Merina

27. Whose word is it that “Let what you said be done unto me”?

- a. Anna b. Mary c. Dorka d. Elizabeth

28. Who dedicated whole life for Jesus?

- a. David b. Mary c. Satan d. Rich man

29. Who said these?

“Mary is in fact blessed for the incarnation of the flesh and blood of Jesus to her womb, but she is more blessed because in faith she has embraced Christ.”

- a. Saint Joseph b. Saint John c. Saint Augustine d. Saint Martin

30. Where is this quotation found in the Bible?

That’s why in churches’ worship Mary is proudly declared as “ever virgin”.

- a. Matthew b. Mark c. Isaiah d. Revelation

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School
Half-Yearly Online Exam, 2021
Class: Seven (EV), Subject: English

Time: 3 hours

Total Marks: 100

[N. B. The figures in the right margin indicate full marks.]

Section A: Reading (40 Marks)

A. Read the following text and answer the question.

Begum Rokeya (1880-1932) was a famous writer and a social worker. She lived in undivided Bengal in the early 20th century. She believed that women should have the same rights and opportunities as men have in the society. So, she fought for their cause throughout her life.

Begum Rokeya was born in a village called Pairabondh, Rangpur in 1880. Her father Jahiruddin Muhammad Abu Ali Haider Saber was an educated landlord. Rokeya was married to Khan Bahadur Sakhawat Hussain in 1896. Her husband was the Deputy Magistrate of Bhagalpur, now district in the Indian state of Bihar. He was very cooperative, and always encouraged Rokeya to go on with her activities.

Many upper-class Muslims of Bengal at that time learnt Arabic and Persian as a medium of education and communication. But Rokeya had great love for her mother tongue. She learnt Bangla and English from her eldest brother Ibrahim.

1. Choose the correct answer from the alternatives and write the corresponding number of the answers in your answer script. (1x5=5)

i) Begum Rokeya was a famous writer. Here 'writer' means

- | | | | |
|---------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| a) bard | b) author | c) composer | d) scripture |
|---------|-----------|-------------|--------------|

ii) Begum Rokeya lived

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|
| a) in undivided Bengal | b) in West Pakistan | c) in London | d) in America |
|------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|

iii) She was born-

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| a) in a village named Pairabondh, Rangpur | b) in West Bengal |
| c) in West Pakistan | d) in Saudi Arabia |

iv) She learnt-

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| a) Persian from her father | b) Hindi from her father-in-law |
| c) English and Bangla from her elder brother | d) Arabic from her husband |

v) What was Rokeya's father?

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| a) uneducated businessman | b) educated businessman |
| c) educated landlord | d) uneducated farmer |

2. Read the text and answer the following questions.

Helen Keller was a great humanitarian. She cared deeply for the sick, injured and disabled people. The disabled people have physical or mental problems that limit their activities or senses. Helen devoted her life to help them.

Helen was born in 1880 in Alabam, USA. Her parents were Captain Arthur Keller and Katherine Adams Keller. Her family was not rich. Their main Source of income was cotton plantation.

Helen was born healthy, but in 1882, she became deaf, dumb and blind after a high fever. Her father heard about Perkins School for the Blind in Boston and contacted the Director there. In 1887, the Director sent one of his best students, Anne Sullivan, to help Helen. Anne worked hard to enable her to communicate.

In 1890, Helen's formal education started at Horace Mann School for the deaf in Boston. In 1892, she went to Wright Humason School for the deaf in New York. Helen improved her communication skills

and studied regular academic subjects. She then decided to go to college and attended Cambridge School for Young Ladies in 1896. Later she studied at Radcliffe College. Here she learnt Braille, which was a new technique for reading. She also learnt how to type. Anne Sullivan was always with Helen. She sat with Helen in class and helped her by interpreting lectures and texts. In 1904, Helen received her BA degree with Honours from Radcliffe College.

Helen spent her life helping disabled people to learn. She died on June 1, 1968.

A. Answer the following questions.

(2x5=10)

- Who was Helen Keller?
- How did she become disabled?
- How did her father help her?
- How did her teacher Anne Sullivan help her?
- How did Helen learn to read?

3. Read the text and answer the following questions.

The world is full of great men. They have come to different places of this world. Dr. Mohammad Shahidullah was one of those who contributed a lot towards the Bangla language and literature. He was the greatest scholar of Bengal. The great scholar was born at 24 Parganas in West Bengal on 10 July, 1885. He passed the Entrance Examination in 1904. He obtained his BA degree in 1910, MA in 1914. He joined the University of Dhaka in 1921 as a professor of Sanskrit and Bangla. He was awarded the Doctorate Degree from Sorbonne University of Paris in 1928. His 'Bangla Shahitter Katha' published in 1953 was the first well-arranged history of Bangla literature. In 1966, he was seriously ill and had been in Dhaka. We all remember him with gratitude and respect.

A. Complete the following table with the information given in the passage.

(1x5=5)

Dr. Muhammad Shahidullah	
He passed the Entrance Examination when he was	a)
Sorbonne University honoured him with	b)
He wrote	c)
He became bed-ridden in	d)
He passed away at the age of	e)

B. Read the text and answer the following questions.

Sukumar Roy was a famous literary man of the children. He was born at Kolkata in British India on October 30, 1887. When he was a student of Kolkata Presidency College, he began to write humorous drama for the children. He received BSc, degree with Honours in Chemistry and Physics. He was the editor of the magazine Sandesh. Actually, he was a unique literary artist of the children. He won the mind of the children by writing story, drama, poems and essay for the children in a unique language. His mentionable works are *Bahurupree*, *Abol Tabol*, *HaJaBaRaLa*, *Pagla Dashu*, etc. This interesting personality breathed his last on September 10, 1923.

Now, read the following statements. Write (T) in your answer script if the statement is true.

Write (F) if the statement is false. If false, write the correct answer.

(1x5=5)

- Sukumar Roy began to write for the children while he was a student of Kolkata Presidency College.
- He was a student of science.
- He was not interested in children.
- His writings could not attract the children.
- The language of Sukumar Roy was unique.

4. Read the text below and complete it with suitable words given in the box. (.5x10=5)

times	and	is	he	be	his
he	avoids	not	an	ideal	

An ideal student should have some qualities. For example, he learns a) _____ lessons regularly. He does b) _____ quarrel with others and c) _____ bad company. He must d) _____ truthful and honest. He e) _____ obedient to his superiors. f) _____ always speaks the truth g) _____ never tells a lie. h) _____ says his prayers five i) _____ a day. He has j) _____ ardent love for his country.

5. Match the texts given in column 'A' and column 'B' to write five complete sentences. (1x5=5)

Column-A		Column-B
i) Early rising means		a) everybody of the Almighty Creator
ii) An early riser can have a good start of the day's work		b) physical exercise in the morning breeze that soothes the body as well as the mind
iii) An early riser can take		c) getting up from bed early in the morning
iv) The beautiful gifts and colorful nature reminds		d) the habit of rising early from the very beginning of life
v) So, every one of us must practise		e) and so he can finish a lot of work before others get up

6. Rearrange the following sentences in correct order in your answer script. You do not need to reproduce the sentences in your script. Only the corresponding numbers of the sentences need to be written. (.5x10=5)

- Usually, he goes out for a morning walk every day.
- The doctor on duty there was surprised to see his uncle in such a condition.
- He went to the man and decided to take him to the nearby hospital.
- Mr. Rahman is a retired officer.
- He beckoned a taxi driver and requested him to help lift the man into the taxi. It took them an hour to reach Dhaka Medical College Hospital.
- One day while walking in the morning, he saw a man lying senseless by the side of the road.
- Mr. Rahman paid the taxi fare and collected an emergency ticket.
- He felt his heartfelt gratitude to Mr. Rahman and addressed him as his uncle.
- The man was placed in emergency ward.
- He came to know all about how he was found and brought to the hospital.

Section B: Grammar (30 Marks)

7. Fill in the gaps with the right form of verbs in the brackets. (1x10=10)

- One hundred dollars _____ (be) my cash.
- Either he or I _____ (be) mistaken.
- I prefer _____ (recite) more than singing song.
- There _____ (be) many students in the class today.
- Would you mind _____ (sing) on the stage?
- The police _____ (be) the friends of the public.
- Not only Shima but also her brothers _____ (go) there.
- Civics _____ (be) my favorite subject.
- Someone _____ (be) present there.
- Ruma and Runa _____ (arrive) there.

- 8. Fill up the blanks with the correct form of verbs given in the brackets.** (2x5=10)
- It is _____ (rain). **(Present Continuous Tense)**
 - Do you _____ (read) a book? **(Simple Present Tense)**
 - My father _____ (come) home yesterday. **(Simple Past Tense)**
 - The girls _____ (watch) the television at this moment. **(Present Continuous Tense)**
 - While I was _____ (walk) in the garden, I saw a snake. **(Past Continuous Tense)**

- 9. Fill in the gaps with appropriate adverbs.** (1x5=5)
- He _____ made this comment.
 - Bangladesh Cricket team is doing _____.
 - She opened the door _____.
 - Our music class is held _____.
 - All students were present _____.

- 10. Complete these sentences with a singular or plural noun.** (1x5=5)
- The _____ who was waiting here has gone home. (boy/boys)
 - The _____ stops outside our house. (car/cars)
 - Do you know the _____ that lives next door? (man/men)
 - The _____ were waiting for me. (child/children)
 - The dentist pulled out the _____ that was hurting. (tooth/teeth)

Section C: Writing (30 Marks)

11. Suppose, you are Runu. You have a friend named Rina. Now, write an email showing sympathy to your friend who is infected with COVID-19 and hospitalized. You may send the email to rina995@gmail.com. (10)

12. You are an early riser. But your friend Atef/Shimu is a late riser. He/she wants to know the benefits of early rising. Now, write a dialogue about the benefits of early rising. (5)

13. Write a paragraph on 'How to become a good student'. Use the following keywords in writing your paragraph. (5)

First	Then	Next	After that	Finally
--------------	-------------	-------------	-------------------	----------------

14. Write a composition on 'Digital Bangladesh' in 200 words. Include the following points. (10)

- What does 'Digital Bangladesh' mean?
- What is the motto of 'Digital Bangladesh'?
- What are the benefits of 'Digital Bangladesh'?
- What do we have to do make this dream true?
- What will happen if the government values the commitment?

“Wish you good luck!”

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School

Half Yearly Online Exam- (2021) English Version

Class: Seven Subject: Hindu Religion

Time: 2: 30 hours.

Full Mark: 70

Name: _____ ID. No. _____ Your Score: _____

Read the passage. Then answer the questions given below: (Write any 7) 70 Marks

A. Creative Questions

Q-01 Placing the statue of Lakshmi Devi in her house, Anita Rani worships the goddess daily with great devotion. On the contrary, placing the statue of Gour-Nitai, her neighbour Shiladevi worships them daily with great devotion. Their children also follow their parents besides their own studies. Therefore, peace and happiness ever prevail in their houses.

- a. Who is the full incarnation (avatar) of Ishwar? 1
- b. How does Ishwar dominate over living beings and the earth? Explain. 2
- c. Which forms of God are reflected in the worships of Anita Rani and Shiladevi? Explain this on the basis of your lesson. 3
- d. Though there is the difference of statues installed by Anita Rani and Shiladevi, they ultimately worship the same God. Analyse the inner significance of this statement on the basis of your lesson. 4

Q-02 Though Sanjoy is dangerous and cruel in nature but he has affection for children. He is easily irritated at trifling matters. He does not hesitate to beat others if his benefit is disturbed. He snatches others property. Everybody dislikes him for these reasons. On the other hand, nobody can hate him due to his charity and religious practices. His son Devajit is totally opposite to him. He is amiable, kind and benevolent. He likes to do social welfare work. Devajit does not like his father's illegal deeds at all. He protests his father's misdeeds. This is why there is a conflict between father and son.

- a. How many mantras are there in the Chandi? 1
- b. How is the Chandi included in the Purana? 2
- c. Make a comparative study between the character of Sanjay and Mahishasur? 3
- d. The teachings of Shree Shree Chandi have been reflected in Devajit's character. Evaluate the statement. 4

Q-03 Adhir Babu considers his work as religion. He helps his parents, brothers and sisters, kith and kin financially, and in their familial and other types of work. He is especially respectful to the dignity and right of his mother, sister and wife. He does not expect anything of them or from the creator for these deeds. He believes that man is born once. Sin or virtue takes place normally in this world.

- a. What do you mean by 'Moksha'? 1
- b. Explain Karma-bad lies in Janmantar. 2
- c. Explain the features of Hindu Religion that are reflected in the behaviour of Adhir Babu. 3
- d. Adhir Babu's behaviour to his mother, sister and wife is right. Evaluate this statement in the light of your learning about "The Dignity of Women". 4

Q-04 Abani Babu leads his life making chopper (da), cutter (boti), sickle (kanchi). With a view to gain special skills in his profession and pity of gods and goddesses, every year he worships a special god or goddess with full devotion. On this occasion he places the tolls of his professions before the protima (image). He believes that his professional skills and reputation for work are results of this worship.

- a. What does worship/puja mean? 1
- b. Explain a bidhi or formality of puja. 2
- c. What deity is worshipped with devotion by Abani Babu every year? Explain how he does the puja. 3
- d. Evaluate the teachings and impacts of that puja in Abani Babu's life. 4

Q-05 Installing the statue of Lakshmi Devi in her house, Anita Rani worships the goddess daily with great devotion. On the contrary, installing the statue of Gour-Nitai, her neighbour Shiladevi worships them daily with great devotion. Their children also follow their parents besides their own studies. Therefore, peace and happiness ever prevail in their house.

- a. Who is the full incarnation (avatar) of Ishwar? 1
- b. How does Ishwar dominate over living beings and the earth? Explain. 2
- c. Which forms of God are reflected in the worships of Anita Rani and Shiladevi? Explain this on the basis of your studied lesson. 3
- d. Though there is the difference of statues installed by Anita Rani and Shiladevi, they ultimately worship the same God. Analyse the inner significance of this statement on the basis of your studied lesson. 4

Q-06 The wise think that we need not search for Ishwar in the empty skies. He exists in us, in animals and in plants. If we can serve His creature, we will be able to attain salvation.

- a. Name five avatars. 1
- b. How can you differentiate between avatars and gods? 2
- c. State the ways you can attain salvation. 3
- d. "We need not search for Ishwar in the empty skies." – Evaluate the statement. 4

Q-7 This is twenty first century but it is not that there is no demon today. Those who cause sufferings to the peace-loving people are the demons of modern times. Some of them are killers including the reckless drivers of buses and trucks. Those who compels people to give bribes are also demons. The public representatives who misappropriate people's money are demons. The peace loving common people are quite helpless. They are attacked by thousands of demons around them.

- a. What did the king of mountains give to Mahamaya? 1
- b. How can you understand the unity of strength in Mahamaya? 2
- c. Whose duty is it to subdue the demons mentioned in the passage? - Discuss in brief. 3
- d. Evaluate the last sentence. 4

Q-8 Most of the people think that success lies in earning a huge amount of money. They go on trying to satisfy their worldly purposes, even by causing harm to others. They do not care about that they are not beyond the chilly touch of death and that they may lead a life of a dog someday.

- a. What is the name of the scripture that tells about peace in our family life? 1
- b. A woman might not have been a good daughter but certainly a good mother.- How? 2
- c. Write out how you can lead a happy life. 3
- d. Evaluate the thinking of most of the people in the world. 4

Q-9 Sujan, a student of class seven, is short. Since he is fat, he faces problems to do different works. Sujan's parents are anxious about it. When he is taken to a doctor, the doctor advises him to control his body through Yogasan. Sujan has got much benefit from the doctor's advice.

- a. When will you get up from sleep? 1
- b. Explain the importance of Sayannakriteya. 2
- c. Which asana has given Sujan good result? Describe how to do that asana. 3
- d. "The asana Sujan practices has manifold benefits." Analyse the statement. 4

1. Who manipulates the balance of the earth?
a. Shiva b. Vishnu c. Ganesh d. Kartik
2. Who is the god of creation?
a. Shiva b. Vishnu c. Brahma d. Kartik
3. Who looks after the universe?
a. Shiva b. Vishnu c. Brahma d. Kartik
4. Who causes death and decay?
a. Brahma b. Vishnu c. Shiva d. Ganesh
5. Who decides our fortune?
a. Durga b. Saraeswati c. Manasa d. Lakshmi
6. Who composed the Purana?
a. Valmiki b. Byasdev c. Basudev d. Vasuki
7. The composer of the Purana was a ---.
a. Devarshi b. Brahmarshi c. Rajarshi d. Maharshi
8. The composer of the Purana also composed another great scripture. What is it?
a. The Ramayana b. The Upanishad
c. The Mahabharata d. The Atharva Veda
9. What does “protisorga” mean?
a. Creation b. Recreation
c. Creating initially d. Creating repeatedly
10. How many “Manus” has mankind experienced?
a. 14 b. 16 c. 18 d. 20
11. King Bharat was devoted to --.
a. Vishnu b. Shiva c. Durga d. Shree Shree Lakshmi
12. Who was King Bharat’s wife?
a. Ambalika b. Seeta c. Annapurna d. Panchajana
13. Whose daughter did King Bharat marry?
a. Viswajit b. Viswaroop c. Devajit d. Devaroop
14. King Bharat had --.
a. three sons b. four sons c. five sons d. six sons
15. King Bharat was reborn in the form of a ---.
a. stag b. doe c. stallion d. mare
16. Which one of the following symbolizes the soul?
a. Incense b. Water c. Lamp d. Floral wreath
17. On the basis of articles, worships are of -----.
a. two types b. three types c. four types d. five types
18. Shree Shree Lakshmi is the better half of -----.
a. Vishnu b. Shive c. Brahma d. Krishna
19. What is the mount of Shree Shree Lakshmi?
a. The prince of birds b. Elephant c. Mountain d. Lotus
20. Shree Shree Lakshmi worship is observed on every-----.
a. Saturdy b. Monday c. Thursday d. Friday
22. What is the mount of Bishwakarma?
a. Mountain b. Elephant c. Crow d. Lotus
23. For whom did Bishwakarma make a thunderbolt?
a. Indra b. Vishnu c. Shiva d. Narayana
24. Who ordered Bishwkarma to make a floral chariot?
a. Brahma b. Vishnu c. Indra d. Varuna
- 25
. Who ordered Bishwakarma to build Dwarkapuri?
a. Brahma b. Vishnu c. Indra d. Srikirhsna
26. Whom should the students worship most?

- a. Durga b. Saraswati c. Manasa d. Lakshmi
27. Who represents the power of Ishwar?
- a. Durga b. Saraswati c. Vishnu d. Nityananda
28. Ishwar exists in -----.
- i. man
ii. animals
iii. plants
- Which one of the following is correct?
- a. i & ii b. ii & iii c. i & iii d. i, ii & iii
29. Ishwar does not have any -----.
- i. beginning
ii. in carnation
iii. ending
- Which one of the following is correct?
- a. i & ii b. ii & iii c. i & iii d. i, ii & iii
30. Gods and goddesses were -----.
- i. Vedic
ii. mythological
iii. terrestrial
- Which one of the following is correct?
- a. i & ii b. ii & iii c. i. & iii d. i, ii & iii

DHAKA ADVENTIST PRE-SEMINARY & SCHOOL

ENGLISH VERSION

Half Yearly Online Exam – 2021

Class: 7, Subject: ICT

Time: 2 hours

Total Marks: 50

Name: _____

SID: _____

(Submit your question paper with your answer paper)

A. Multiple Choices (15) (Circle the correct option)

1. Which invention shows drivers the location of their destination during travel?

- a. Computer
- b. The Internet
- c. Mobile Phone
- d. GPS

2. GPS is used-.

- a. For watching video
- b. For online marketing
- c. To locate any place on earth
- d. To play music

3. E-mail stands for-.

- a. Electric mail
- b. Electronic mail
- c. Electromagnetic mail
- d. Electrical mail

4. Which one of the following is used to read books in digital form?

- a. E-book reader
- b. Internet reader
- c. Electric book reader
- d. I-reader

5. It is possible to communicate the whole world by means of -.

- a. Computer
- b. Laptop
- c. Printer
- d. Internet

6. Uploading means-.

- a. Share any file in website from computer.
- b. Save any file in computer from website.
- c. Copy any file in computer.
- d. Delete any file from the computer.

7. What magazine the concept of paperless office was first published in?

- a. The Business Week
- b. The Economist
- c. The Times
- d. The Daily Star

8. EVM stands for-.

- a. Electric Voting Machine
- b. Electronic Voting Machine
- c. Electrical Voting Machine
- d. Electromagnetic Voting Machine.

9. What type of office does not need multistoried building?

- a. Government office
- b. Private offices
- c. Multinational offices
- d. Virtual offices

10. What task is generally robot used in?

- a. To carry to ATM booths
- b. To do many risky tasks
- c. To handle aircrafts
- d. To guard camps

- 11. You want to make a digital copy of a photograph. Which device will you use?**
- a. Plotter
 - b. Keyboard
 - c. Printer
 - d. Scanner
- 12. Which device will you use to save a photograph taken on your digital camera?**
- a. ROM
 - b. RAM
 - c. Processor
 - d. Hard disk
- 13. Which one is the most commonly used input device?**
- a. Scanner
 - b. Keyboard
 - c. Camera
 - d. Microphone
- 14. Which one is called pointing device?**
- a. Mouse
 - b. Keyboard
 - c. Scanner
 - d. Printer
- 15. What is the full form of RAM?**
- a. Random Accessible Memory
 - b. Readable Access Memory
 - c. Random Access Memory
 - d. Real Accessible Memory

B. Short Questions: (10)

1. Explain what is E-Treatment Center?
2. Describe the role of ICT in developing social relations.
3. What is Copyright?
4. What is Virus? How is it harmful?
5. Why RAM is called as temporary storage? Explain in short.

C. Write 5 input and 5 output devices. (10)

Input devices	Output devices
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.

D. Broad Questions: (15)

- a. Explain why mobile phones are known as intelligent devices?
- b. "Paperless office is environment friendly" Explain it.
- c. Describe the harmful effect of Obsession and how can we overcome it?

Stay Home & Stay Safe

Dhaka Adventist Pre – Seminary & School (DAPS)
On Line Half-Yearly Examination - 2021
Class: 7 English Version
Sub: Islam and Moral Education

Time: 3 hours

Total Marks: 100
mark: 30

Multiple Choice Questions:

1. What is 'the belief in Allah, the exalted as a unique soul' called?
a. Aqaid b. Takwa c. Tawhid d. Obedience
2. What is the main point of belief in Allah?
a. Risalat b. Tawhid c. Najat d. Akhirar
3. On what the rules and regulations of Islam are established?
a. Taqdir b. Ibadat c. Akhirat d. Tawhid
4. What is the belief in Tawhid, Risalat, Akhirat, divine books, Angels called?
a. Kufar b. Shirk c. Alam d. Aqaid
5. What are the persons who accept Islam called?
a. Angels b. Muslims c. Jeens d. Muftis
6. Which one is the first order of Islam?
a. Namaj b. Jannat c. Aqaid d. Tawhid
7. What is the first step of Aqaid?
a. Namaj b. Jannat c. Tawhid d. Zakat
8. Where will a man be successful if he refrains from doing evils in worldly life?
a. in Akhirat b. in Zannat c. in Baitul Izzah d. Iaohi Mahfuz
9. What is following the rules or regulations in one's speech and manners called?
a. Cleanliness b. Morality c. Frugality d. Decency
10. Why should we possess good and moral qualities?
a. for the satisfaction of the Prophet(Sm)
b. for the satisfaction of Allah
c. for establishing a nice and beautiful society
d. for getting praises from other human beings
11. The person who never bows his/her head down to anybody believes-
a. in the heaven and hell b. in the unique existence of Allah
c. in the resurrection after death d. in the Jinn and the Angels
12. Through which are quarrels and differences created in human society?
a. Kufr b. Shirk c. Fasik d. Nifak
13. How many types of Shirk are there?
a. three b. four c. five d. six
14. Why do we believe in prophets and messengers?
a. because they can help us to go heaven b. because they are the greatest of all human beings
c. because if we do not believe them, we will deny all the articles of Iman
d. because they were the greatest philosophers
15. What does the word "Mufasssal" mean?
a. Detailed b. Brief c. General d. Little
16. What does 'Asmaul Husna' mean?
a. Allah's existence b. The attributed names of Allah
c. The judgement of Allah d. The power of Allah
17. What does the word "Azzizun" mean?
a. lenient b. desire c. mercy d. almighty
18. What is called to convey the holy message of Allah to mankind?
a. Risalat b. Khilafat c. Hidayat d. Invitation

19. Which Ibadat teaches mankind about self- restraint?
a. Salat b. Zakat c. Sawm d. Hajj
20. How many pillars of Islam are there?
a. 3 b. 4 c. 5 d. 6
21. How many times more Sawab can be gained by performing Salat in Jamaat?
a. 22 times b. 23 times c. 25 times d. 27 times
22. Why has Allah created Jinn and mankind?
a. For Ibadat b. For live c. For Food d. For the earth
23. What does the slave of Allah express through Salat?
a. Knowledg b. Obedience c. Pride d. Jannat
24. On which day was Hazrat Adam (A) created?
a. on Saturday b. on Friday c. on Sunday d. on Monday
25. For whom is performing Qasr Salat a special blessing?
a. for travelers b. for business c. for service d. for traders.
26. What is the soul of sacrifice?
a. Takwa b. Adal c. Wahid d. Ehsan
27. How many letters does Madd have?
a. 3 b. 6 c. 14 d. 15
28. What does 'Laohe Mahfuz' mean?
a. Safe place b. Reserved plaque c. Reserved place d. Peaceful place
29. On which night Al Quran was descended?
a. Shab-e- Miraj b. Shab-e- Qadr c. Eid ul- Fitr d. Shab-e- Barat
30. What does 'Tajweed' mean?
a. to beautify b. to recite c. to correct d. to preserve

Dhaka Adventist Pre – Seminary & School (DAPS)

Online Half Yearly Examination - 2021

Class: 7 English Version

Sub: Islam and Moral Education

Creative Questions Answer: (any 7)

Marks: 10 x 7= 70

1. Every one remains scared of the social leader Raja Miah. He always misbehaves with people. He forbids Mr. Farid Uddin, an employee working in his project, to say his prayers and says, “What is Salat for? Work and then you will get happiness.” But Farid Uddin says his prayers regularly and carries out his duty properly assigned to him. At last Raja Miah is pleased with Farid Uddin’s responsibility and gives him promotion.

- a. What is Tawhid?
- b. And they have firm belief in Akhirat. Explain.
- c. What is the Raja Miah’s attitude towards Salat according to Islam similar to?
- d. Analyze the key faith that makes Farid Uddin firm in Salat and dutiful.

2. Mr. Zia is fair judge. Because of his fair judgment, bribe givers and takers are furious at him. Even they try to transfer him. The judge remains firm in his duty after knowing this. He tries to implement all the attributes of Asmaul Husna in his life properly and always fears Allah. At last, the bribe givers and takers become respectful to him seeing the noble characteristics of the judge.

- a. What is Asmaul Husna?
- b. There is nothing like Him. Explain.
- c. Explain the virtue of Mr. Zia for which he fears Allah.
- d. Analyze the relation between the virtue of the judge and Allah is most patient.

3. Mr. Ali went to a shrine to pray for salvation from problems. His friend Mizan asked him to have patience and ask for Allah’s help.

- a. What is the meaning of the word Kufr?
- b. What do you understand by belief in Taqdir?
- c. What wrong deeds have been committed by Mr. Ali? Explain.
- d. The importance of Tawhid has been expressed through Mr. Mizan’s words- Do you agree with the statement? Give your opinion.

4. Zamir Uddin is a farmer. He works in the field all day long. When it is time for prayer, he spreads a cloth beside the field and performs his Salat. On the day of Jumu’ah, he performs the Salat of Zuhr instead of going to the mosque. His neighbor Zahir Uddin said to him, “There are some rules of Sariah for performing Jumu’ah Salat. Azan has been recited. I am going to the mosque. You come with me too,” Then Zamir Uddin said, “The mosque is too far. As my work will be hampered, I am performing the Salat of Zuhr beside field.”

- a. What is Ibadat?
- b. What do you mean by Musafir?
- c. What does Zamir Uddin’s attitude indicate regarding the Salat of Jumu’ah? Explain.
- d. Analyze the argument of Zahir Uddin regarding the Salat of Jumu’ah in the light of textbook.

5. Aslam and Asgar are the brilliant students of class seven. Aslam gave up fasting during the month of Ramadan for examinations thinking that might do bad in the examinations. Sometimes he dodged Salat. On the other hand, Asgar observed fasting regularly it was very difficult for him. Besides his study, he performs Salat when it was time for prayer. When Asgar told Aslam about performing Salat and fasting regularly, Aslam replied that his only aim was to make a good result at that time. Later when Asgar told their religious teacher about the argument of Aslam, he explained the importance of fasting to Aslam.

- a. What is Itikaf?
- b. Why is Sdakatul Fitr performed? Explain.
- c. What does Aslam's attitude express? Explain according to the Sariah.
- d. Analyze the reward for Asgar's deeds in the light of the Holy Quran.

6. Its Eid day. Everyone is happy celebrating the festival. Suddenly the news of death neighbour Manik came. All the festivities vanished in seconds. His friends Raza and Babu broke in to tears. Childhood friend Manik suddenly passed away. Based on his sins and good work, he will be placed in heaven or hell. He will stay there for eternity.

- a. What is Wahi?
- b. For whom. Babu will be illuminated? Explain.
- c. Which aspect of Iman does the death of Manik remind of? Explain.
- d. Disbelief on that aspect will result in serious consequence- explain with your opinion.

7. The date of that day was 10th of the month Jilhajj. Little Rana was very happy that day as lots of sweet items were cooked at his home in the morning. But the afternoon was a bit mysterious for Rana as of questions came to his mind seeing animals getting sacrificed in every house. Why are the animals sacrificed? He found the answers to his questions as service holder Mr. Rana himself sacrifices animal now.

- a. What is Salatul Janazah?
- b. What is meant by Salatul Tarawih?
- c. Which festival of Muslims has been mentioned in the stem? Explain.
- d. Does that festival give any message for our personal lives? Explain your opinion.

8. Jitu wanted to know about Shirk from Religion teacher, Miss Farzana Ferdousi. Farzana Ferdousi says, "Shirk means partnership. Allah won't tolerate to deem anybody to be a partner of Him. Shirk is not pardonable. In ancient Arab there was acute Shirk. Hazrat Muhammad(Sm) fought for demolishing Shirk from the society. He spent thirteen years of prophetic life in getting rid of Shirk."

- a. What does Shirk mean?
- b. Why doesn't Allah forgive Shirk?
- c. How many types of Shirk are there? Describe it.
- d. "Shirk is a heinous crime."-Explain.

9. There are various kinds of salat. There is also variations performing these salats. Salat of musafir, salat of sick people and Salatul Jumma are remarkable. Salat has religious lesson, social lesson, etc.

- a. What does salat mean?
- b. Why is salat so important?
- c. Describe how you perform the salat of Qasr and Jum'a?
- d. "Salat -e-Jum'a build harmony love and brotherhood." – Explain.

10. Moral lesson of sawm is very significant. Through sawm we can control our greed and learn tolerance, affection, sympathy, etc. We get Ramadan when we are to keep fast. It is Farz.

- a. What is sawm of Ramadan.
- b. How can we be good through sawm?
- c. What do you do in the month of Ramadan?
- d. "Sawm teaches people how to be tolerance."- Explain.

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School
Online Half Yearly Examination -2021
Subject: Mathematic, Class: Seven (VII)
Full Marks-70+30 = 100

Creative Essay Type Questions

Time: 2: 30 minutes

Marks: 70

Name: _____

SID _____

[NB: The figures in the right side indicate full marks. Read the stem carefully and answer the associated questions. Answer any seven questions.]

01. Write formula: 10

- a. Formula : $(a + b)^2 =$
- b. Formula : $a^2 - b^2 =$
- c. Formula : $(a + b)^3 =$
- d. Formula $(a - b)^3 =$

02. Find the square root of each by prime factorization: 10

- (a). 169
- (b). 529

03. What is the least number which is to be multiplied with the following numbers to get a perfect square number? 10

- (a). 147
- (b). 384

04. A farmer buys 595 plants for making a garden. The price of each plant is Tk. 12. 10

- (a). How much money did he spend to buy the plants?
- (b). How many of the plants will be left if number of plants in each row of the garden is equal to numbers of rows?
- (c). What is the least number which is to be added to the difference of the number of spending of total taka and the number of plants so that the sum will be a perfect square number?

05. Rakib, Riaz and Sakib are three brothers. Their mother distributed 7800 Taka among them. Thus Sakib got $\frac{11}{21}$ parts of Riaz got three times of Rakib. 10

- a. What is the rule of three?
- b. How more or less Taka Sakib get than Rakib?
- c. Determine the amount of each of them if the total money is 3900 taka more.

06. Multiply the first expression by the second expression. 10

- a. $3ab, 4a^3$
- b. $5xy, 6az$

07. Multiply the first expression by the second expression. 10

- a. $8a^2b, -2b^2$
- b. $-2abx^2, 10b^3xyz$

08. 10

if $A = x^2 + xy + y^2$

$AB = x - y$, prove that, $AB = x^3 - y^3$.

09. $L = 5x + 4, M = 5x - 4, N = 25x^2 + 16$ and $R = 25x^2 + 20x +$

16 are four algebraic expressions. 10

- a. Multiply $x^2 + 2x - 3$ by L .
- b. Prove that, $MR = 125x^3 - 64$
- c. Show that, $LMN = 625x^2 - 256$.

Geometry:

10. A triangle is to be constructed when its three sides are known. 10

11. If one side of a triangle is greater than another, the angle opposite to the greater side is greater than the angle opposite to the smaller side. 10

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School
Online Half Yearly Examination -2021
Subject: Mathematic, Class: Seven (VII)
Full Marks-70+30 = 100
Creative Multiple Choice Questions

Time: 30 minutes

Marks-30

Name: _____ **SID** _____

[N.B. –Fill the completely (●) with the correct or most appropriate answer, corresponding to the question number. Make sure to use a ball point pen. Each question carries 1 mark]

1. There are 10 rows of trees in a garden. How many trees will be needed if 10 trees planted in each row?
(a) 102 (b) 100
(c) 99 (d) 97
2. What is the square of $\sqrt{8}$?
(a) 2 (b) 4
(c) 8 (d) 16
3. What is the square of 31?
(a) 961 (b) 311
(c) 131 (d) 31
4. What is the unit place digit of the square root of 4489?
(a) 1 (b) 4
(c) 6 (d) 7
5. What of the following is the prime factor of 8?
(a) 6 (b) 5
(c) 4 (d) 2
6. What kind of number is the root of 49?
(a) Natural (b) Perfect square
(c) Irrational (d) Negative
7. If the area of a square is 36 square is $(a \times a)$ square unit, what will be the length of one side?
(a) a^2 (b) \sqrt{a}
(c) a (d) $2a$
8. What is the least number which is to be multiplied with 18 so that the product of multiplication is a perfect square number?
(a) 10 (b) 9
(c) 8 (d) 7
9. What is the least number to be added to 62, so that the total sum is a perfect square?
(a) 4 (b) 3
(c) 2 (d) 1
10. $\sqrt{16} \times 16 = \text{what ?}$
(a) 8 (b) 16
(c) 32 (d) 64
11. Which one of the following is the square root of $\frac{289}{361}$?
(a) $\frac{13}{19}$ (b) $\frac{17}{19}$ (c) $\frac{19}{13}$ (d) $\frac{19}{17}$
12. If one number is 10, what is the other number?
(a) 12 (b) 11 (c) 9 (d) 8
13. What is the sum total of squares of the two numbers?
(a) 281 (b) 221
(c) 181 (d) 164

14. Which of the following is the square root of 0.01?
 (a) 0.01 (b) 0.1
 (c) 0.2 (d) 1
15. What is 57 called in the decimal fraction 2.57?
 (a) Integral part (b) Whole part
 (c) Incomplete (d) Decimal part
16. How many zeros are to be put after decimal point in the square root for each pair of zeros/
 (a) 1 (b) 2
 (c) 3 (d) 4
17. What is the square root of 1.21?
 (a) 1.01 (b) 1.1
 (c) 1.11 (d) 1.120
18. How many parts are there in the decimal fraction 1.25?
 (a) 2 (b) 3
 (c) 4 (d) 5
19. What is the whole or integral part of the fractions?
 (a) 0 and 2 (b) 6 and 5
 (c) 36 and 25 (d) 36 and 256
20. What is the reduced form of $\frac{375}{525}$?
 (a) $\frac{3}{5}$ (b) $\frac{5}{7}$
 (c) $\frac{5}{8}$ (d) $\frac{7}{8}$
21. In case of two algebraic expressions a and b, according to the commutative law of multiplication, $a \times b =$ what?
 (a) $\frac{a}{b}$ (b) $\frac{b}{a}$
 (c) $a \times b$ (d) $a + b$
22. Which one of the following is the value of $a^2 \times a^4$?
 (a) a^5 (b) a^6
 (c) $5a$ (d) $6a$
23. 2nd power of any number is called what?
 (a) Square (b) Square root
 (c) Cube (d) Cube root
24. $(+1) \times (+1) =$ what?
 (a) -1 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3
25. $a \times (-b) =$ what?
 (a) ab (b) $-ab$ (c) $-a - b$ (d) $-\frac{a}{b}$
26. $(-p) \times (-q) =$ what?
 (a) $-pq$ (b) pq (c) $p - q$ (d) $-q - q$
27. $a^3 \times a \times a \times a =$ what?
 (a) a^4 (b) a^6 (c) a^8 (d) a^{10}
28. $a \times a \times a \times a =$ what?
 (a) $4a$ (b) $4 + a$ (c) a^4 (d) $a - 4$
29. What will be the sum if 3 is added for 6 times?
 (a) 3 (b) 6 (c) 9 (d) 18
30. $x^7 \div x^2 =$ What?
 (a) x^5 (b) x^4 (c) x^{3+} (d) $5x$

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School
Half Yearly Online Exam-2021
Class: Seven (EV), Subject: Science

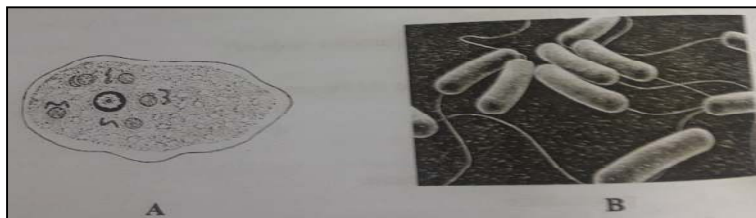
Time: 3 hours

Total Mark: 70 +30 = 100

Creative Essay Type Questions: (Any Seven)

Mark: 7x10=70

Ques No. 1

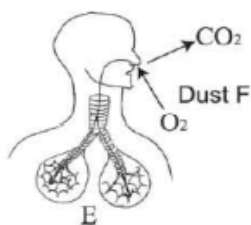


- (a). what is Algae?
- (b) Why are Fungi termed as saprophytes?
- (c) Explain the preventive measures against the disease caused by A.
- (d) B is a harmful organism but it is important for environment. Give your comments with reasons.

Ques. No. 2. Sohail is suffering from influenza. His father told him to use handkerchief while coughing and sneezing.

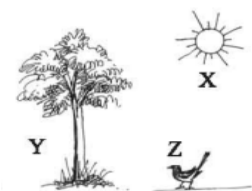
- a. What is a virus?
- b. Why is virus called acellular?
- c. What are the reasons for telling Sohail to use handkerchief?
- d. Analyze how would Sohail make others aware of the preventive measures against the disease?

Ques 3:



- a. What is pleura?
- b. Pneumonia is a fatal disease – Explain.
- c. Explain the process shown in the diagram.
- d. Analyze the remedies of the problem created when ‘F’ substance enters into ‘E’ part.

Ques-4.



- a. What is respiration?
- b. How does stomata help in respiration? Explain
- c. Which one of ‘Y’ and ‘Z’ utilizes product of ‘X’ Explain.

- d. For gaseous exchange how 'Y' and 'Z' are inter dependent on each other/ Write with arguments

Ques-5.



- What is a villus?
- Why should one brush teeth after taking foods?
- What are functions of Y- marked part?
- When Z – marked part is damaged, what are the problems arise in human body?

Ques No. 6.



- What is Pericardium?
- What does the word Lipase mean? Explain.
- Explain arrow marked pathway of transportation of blood in the stem.
- Write with reasons why we should take care of the organ in the stem to keep it healthy.

Ques-7.

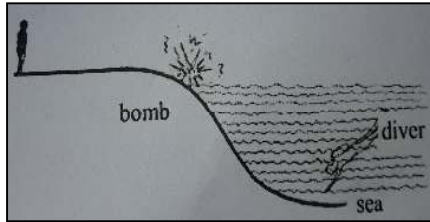
There is no electricity till now in Samiha's village named Bijohnagar. That is way many of the villagers use solar electricity. She went to Kaptai with her uncle during last Eid vacation and found that electricity was being produced from water also.

- What is the main source of energy?**
- Why is natural gas non-renewable energy? Explain.**
- Explain the way of producing electricity form water seen by Samiha at Kaptai..**
- Discuss the suitability of the energy as mentioned in the stem used in Samiha's village.**

Ques-8. Now days Mr. Mumin is producing one kind of gas from the excrement of animal firms. He can sell extra gas after fulfilling the demand of his own firm.

- What is power?**
- Describe the necessity of energy transformation.**
- Explain the nature of the source of energy of the gas produced by stimulator.**
- Analyze the importance of activities of Mr. Mumin regarding energy conservation.**

Ques-9.



The velocity of sound is 330m/ sec (air). The velocity of sound in sea water is 1500m/ sec. The man standing on the sea shore and the diver are 3300 meters away from the place of the bomb explosion.

- a. What is sound?
- b. Why do you hear the sound of railway movement from a distance, if you put the ear on the rail?
- c. After how much time will the man standing on the shore hear the sound from the place of the bomb explosion?
- d. Will the diver hear the sound of the explosion of the bomb at the same time as well? Give reason in favour of your answer.

Ques-10.

The sound of school bell was not heard for a long from Tapan's house. Recently, the shape of the bell has been changed keeping the weight as before. As a result now he can hear the sound of the school bell from his house.

- a. What is pleasing audible sound?
- b. What change will come to the flute if the length of the tube of the flute is lesser?
- c. Describe the techniques of reaching sound to Tapan's ear from the school bell.
- d. What kind of change has been made to the bell for which Tapan can hear the sound from his house? Explain this with appropriate causes.

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School
Half Yearly Online Exam-2021
Class: Seven (EV), Subject: Science

Time: 30 minutes

Mark: 30

MCQ:

1. Which bacteria is responsible for Pneumonia?
a. Spirillum b. Bacillus c. Coccus d. Comma
2. Algae is used in-
 - i. preparation of ice creams.
 - ii. pisciculture
 - iii. preparation of medicine.

Which of the following answers is correct?

- a. i and ii b. i and iii c. ii and iii d. i, ii and iii

Read the following stem and answer the question no. 3 and 4:

While chewing, Tareque marked red scar on sugar cane. His father told him that it was caused by one kind of parasitic organism.

3. Parasite as mentioned in the above stem produces-
 - i. Red rot ii. Inflammation of trachea iii. Dandruff of the scalp

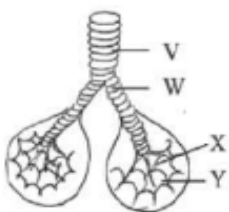
Which one of the following is correct?

- a. i and ii b. i and iii c. ii and iii d. i, ii and iii
4. Which one of the following is responsible for producing the disease Tareque pointed out?
a. Fungi b. Algae c. Bacteria d. Virus
 5. Which one is a member of prokaryote kingdom?
a. Protozoa b. Bacteria c. Algae d. Fungus
 6. Which is a lower organism?
a. Human b. Virus c. Frog d. Butterfly
 7. Which one is not a part of respiratory system?
a. Skin b. Lenticel c. Guard cell d. Stomata
 8. Lower animals respire with the help of –
 - i. gills and skin ii. skin and trachea iii. lungs and gills

Which one of the following is correct:

- a. i b. ii c. i and ii d. i and iii

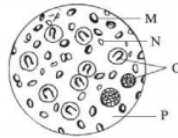
See the stem and answer question no. 9, 10 and 11:



9. What is the name of 'W' labeled part?
a. Alveolus b. Bronchus c. Bronchiole d. Trachea

10. In which part of the stem exchange of O_2 and CO_2 occur?
 a. V b. W c. X d. Y
11. Name the disease produced by the infection of part 'V' ____
 a. Asthma b. Bronchitis c. Pneumonia d. Tuberculosis
12. Which one traps potential energy in food from the solar energy?
 a. Respiration b. Transpiration
 c. Osmosis d. Photosynthesis
13. Which gland is the largest gland of the body?
 a. Pancreas b. Intestinal glands c. Gastric gland d. Liver
14. Which one is available in saliva?
 a. Ptyalin and water b. Trypsin and water
 c. Lipase and water d. Pepsin and water

Follow the stem and answer question nos. 15, 16, 17.



15. Nucleus is absent in ____
 i. M, N ii. N, O iii. O, M

Which one of the following is correct?

- a. i b. ii c. i and ii d. i, ii and iii

16. Function of P is to ____
 i. carry food extracts
 ii. act as security guard
 iii. help expulsion of wastes

Which one of the following is correct?

- a. i and ii b. i and iii c. ii and iii d. i, ii and iii

17. Which one of the following helps blood to clot?
 a. M b. N c. O d. P

18. What is necessary to combine all organs and systems in a human body?

- a. Coordination b. Communication c. Variation d. Security

19. Which one is the source of non-renewable energy?

- a. Air b. Flow of water c. Solar energy d. Coal

20. Sometimes Atish studies using a charger fan with light. In this regard he uses---

- i) Light energy ii) Electrical energy iii) Chemical energy

Which one is correct from the following?

- a. i and ii b. ii and iii c. i and iii d. I, ii and iii

Answer the question no. 21 and 22 according to the following stem:

A gymnast lifts the weight of 200 kg and keeps it down. Then after taking some rest he/she is having food with listening music.

21. Which is the correct energy transformation serial from weight lifting to keeping down?

- a. Chemical energy → Mechanical energy → Static energy → Mechanical energy
- b. Mechanical energy → Static energy → Mechanical energy → Sound energy
- c. Static energy → Mechanical energy → Sound energy → Thermal energy
- d. Mechanical energy → Static energy → Mechanical energy → Static energy

22. Which two of the energy are related to having food and listening music of the weight lifter?

- a. Heat and Sound b. Heat and Electricity c. Chemical and sound d. Static and heat

23. An object is displaced by 5 meters when 10 newton of force is applied; what is the amount of work?

- a. 0 Joule b. 15 Joule c. 20 Joule d. 50 Joule

24. What equals to the product of force and distance covered due to force?

- a. Power b. Work c. Acceleration d. Deceleration

25. Which medium circulates the highest velocity of sounds?

- a. Vacuum medium b. Solid medium c. Gaseous medium d. Liquid medium

Read the passage given below attentively and answer question no. 26 and 27.

The explosions of the surface of the moon and shooting a gun on the surface of the earth, in both cases the flashes of light are seen.

26. To hear the sound of explosion on the surface of the moon from the earth---

- i) the distance of moon will be less
- ii) The medium must be in between the earth and the moon
- iii) The limit and the audibility will be 20 to 20000 Hz

Which one is correct

- a. i b. ii c. iii d. ii and iii

27. Which one will be observed last if both the incidents take place at a time?

- a. The sound of gun fire c. The sound of explosion
- b. The light produced by gun fire d. The light of explosion

28. Which instrument produces sound with the help of its inside vibration?

- a. Sitar b. Monochord instrument . Guitar d. Flute

29. Which one is euphonious sound?

- a. Steel hacking b. Car horn c. Dog bark d. Musical instrument

30. Which one is tuneful and pleasing to ear?

- a. Dog barking b. Vehicle horn c. Sound from loud speaker d. Pleasing sound

Dhaka Adventist Pre-Seminary & School

Half yearly Online Exam – 2021 (English Version)

Class: Seven Subject: Arts and Crafts.

Time: 2 hours

Full Mark: 35

Name: _____ ID. No. _____ Your Score: _____

A. Answer the following Short Questions (Write any 3) 3 x 5= 15 Marks.

1. How can someone draw pictures in childhood and during studying at a school?
2. What feelings do work in your mind at the time of drawing pictures?
3. What are the importance of arts and crafts?
4. What is meant by handicraft?
5. Name five handicrafts which make use of wood.

B. Answer the following Essay type Questions (Write any 2) 2 x 2= 20 Marks.

Ques- 1. Give your opinion on why fine arts called an international language?

Ques-2. He was not only expert in fine arts but also equally expert in sculpture. Write the name of the artist and in brief about his works of art.

Ques-3. Describe the rules of how to use water color.

Ques-4. What was the contribution of the artists during Liberation War of Bangladesh?

Multiple Choice Questions
Subject: Arts and Crafts.

Time: 15 minuet

Full Mark: 15

Name: _____ ID. No. _____ Your Score: _____

Multiple Choice Questions: Choose the correct answer from the following alternatives. 15 Marks.

1. What did landlord Soutula find in 1879?
(a) Mountain (b) cave (c) picture (d) Sculpture
 2. Who first started the use of picture as a medium of expression?
(a) Folk artists (b) Painters (c) primitive men (d) craftsmen
- Read the following paragraph and answer the questions no 3 & 4:
A cave was discovered in the northern Spain in 1979, the first pictures drawn by primitive people were found in the cave.
3. What is the name of the cave mentioned in the paragraph?
(a) The Alps (b) The here (c) The lasuk (d) The Al Tameera
 4. The caves which discovered other than the mentioned one are ---
i. the lamu ii. the Lasko iii. the Hera
- Which one of the following is correct?
(a) i and ii (b) i and iii (c) ii and iii (d) i, ii and iii
5. What kind of a language is fine arts?
(a) native (b) Local (c) Tribal (d) International
 6. What did primitive men choose as a medium of expression?
(a) Picture (b) tool (c) book (d) sculpture
 7. Who designed the instrument shaped like an airplane?
(a) Raffaello (b) Leonardo Da vinci (c) Michelangelo (d) Saint Anne
 8. In which year did Leonardo Da vinci die?
(a) 1516 A.D (b) 1519 A.D (c) 1522 A.D (d) 1515 A.D
 9. Which one is the integral part of Bengali culture?
(a) Pot drawing (b) Door made of wood
(c) To make designed plate of burnt clay (d) Drawing Alpana
 10. Sorachitra what type of art comprised with?
(a) Fine Arts (b) Handicrafts (c) Folk Art (d) The Art dancing
 11. Which one is the frequently used motif of Alpana?
(a) Cot (b) Konki (c) Lotus (d) Face of Elephant
 12. How many styles or streams do the quilt of Bangladesh have?
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
 13. What is the favorite medium of drawing pictures to the young boys?
(a) Poster colour (b) Acrylic colour (c) Water colour (d) Plastic colour
 14. To hold brightness in picture the essential task is –
i. to use smooth paper ii. to use more than one brush iii. to use clean water
- Which one of the following is correct?
(a) i and ii (b) i and iii (c) ii and iii (d) i, ii and iii
15. What is the nature of Bangladesh's soil?
a. infertile b. damp c. brittle d. soft